

Kirstie Reynolds Team Lead – Environmental Project Management San Diego Gas & Electric Company 1010 Tavern Road, SD 1116 Alpine, CA 91901 (T) XXX-XXX-XXXX (C) XXX-XXX-XXXX (F) XXX-XXX-XXXX

May 29, 2018

Lisa Orsaba Project Manager California Public Utilities Commission 505 Van Ness Avenue San Francisco, CA 94102

Re: Notice to Proceed (NTP) Request #15 to Reconstruct the Circuit (C) 449 Component of the Cleveland National Forest Power Line Replacement Projects (Project)

Dear Ms. Orsaba:

On May 26, 2016, the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) granted San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E) a Permit to Construct the Project (Decision 16-05-038). The decision conditionally authorizes construction of the Project with the implementation of pre-construction mitigation measures (MMs) and applicant-proposed measures (APMs) identified in the Mitigation Monitoring, Compliance, and Reporting Program (MMCRP). A Notice of Determination was submitted to the State Clearinghouse on May 31, 2016, indicating the CPUC's approval of the Project. In addition, the following agencies issued permits or Records of Decision (RODs) to indicate their approval of the Project:

- The United States Forest Service (USFS) issued a Final ROD on March 11, 2016 and a Master Special Use Permit on September 19, 2016.
- The Bureau of Land Management issued a Final ROD on September 28, 2016.
- The Bureau of Indian Affairs issued a Final ROD on March 30, 2016 and an Amended ROD on December 15, 2017.

Activity Summary

SDG&E is formally requesting authorization from the CPUC to begin reconstruction/removal of C449. Reconstruction/removal will include the following:

- installation of approximately 2.05 miles of 12 kilovolt (kV) underground distribution duct bank and cable, as well as the associated aboveground and belowground structures, including transformers, utility boxes, pads, handholes, meters, and terminators;
- replacement of 14 existing wood distribution poles with weathered steel poles and installation or replacement of appurtenant equipment;

- reconductoring of the existing 12 kV conductors;
- removal of 96 existing wood distribution poles, including the existing conductors;
- installation of 27 new weathered distribution steel poles and appurtenant equipment;
- pole-top work at two structures;
- conditional approval of the undergrounding at Location 20+00 on Buckman Springs Road, pending issuance of applicable jurisdictional water permits; and
- the use of the refinement areas identified in Attachment A: Minor Project Refinement Request.

Reconstruction/removal of C449 will also include access road maintenance and the establishment of temporary work areas associated with pole replacement and undergrounding activities. Public and established private roads, as well as identified navigation and construction-only access roads, will be used for travel to and from the Project and for various construction activities (e.g., parking, pole and equipment staging, temporary material laydown, and stringing). Some construction-only access roads may require vegetation trimming and/or minor grading. New, temporary construction-only access roads will be returned to near pre-construction conditions upon completion of the reconstruction/removal of C449. During construction, SDG&E will minimize impacts to natural areas to the fullest extent feasible by utilizing existing bare ground areas for construction along the Project alignment. All activities required for the reconstruction/removal of C449 will be consistent with the description in Section B in the Project's Final Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement (EIR/EIS).

SDG&E may also need to conduct minor tree trimming prior to energization of the newly relocated alignment in order to utilize access roads and maintain the energized wire-to-vegetation clearances that are required for compliance with CPUC General Order 95. No ground disturbance will be conducted during the trimming activities. Vegetation crews will walk to each tree, climb the tree, and trim the necessary branches. Depending on the size and the amount of the vegetation cut, the material will be either left on site in the right-of-way or carried out to the closest workspace with a chipper. If individual trees are found to be dead or dying, the full tree may be removed.

Attachment A: Minor Project Refinement Request of this NTP request describes and analyzes the environmental impacts of the changes between the final engineering for C449 and the 2015 baseline data¹, and also includes a comparison mapbook of the changes. The refinements included in the Minor Project Refinement (MPR) request are incorporated into Attachment B: NTP #15 Components Map and Attachment C: Pre-Construction Status Report.

Attachment B: NTP #15 Components Map depicts the pole removal/replacement sites, new steel pole sites, new undergrounding (and associated aboveground and belowground structures), pole-

¹ In April 2015, SDG&E submitted responses to the CPUC's Data Request #10, which included route maps for each segment of the Project. Attachment B.11: C449 Route Map depicts the approved baseline components for C449.

top work only sites, stringing sites, and access roads required to reconstruct/remove C449, as described by the Project's Final EIR/EIS.²

Upon completion of construction activities on this component, all areas of temporary disturbance will be recontoured and restored to pre-construction conditions to the extent practicable. Table 1: Temporary Impact Acreage provides the temporary impacts associated with all work areas for C449. Cleanup work will include removal of any temporary facilities not required for other approved Project activities, as well as collection and proper disposal of any waste, trash, and debris. Work on C449 is anticipated to take approximately 15 months from initial mobilization through construction completion, beginning in July/August 2018 and ending in October/November 2019.

		Impacts)	
Temporary Impact Location	Native Vegetation	Non-Native Grassland	Agricultural/Disturbed/ Developed/Bare Ground
Access Roads ³	0.14		2.23
Anchor Work Areas	0.10	0.01	0.02
Pole Work Areas	1.06	0.04	0.38
Stringing Sites	0.23		0.45
Temporary Access/Entry/Turnaround	0.04		0.03
Underground Work Areas	0.15		6.35
C449 Total ⁴	1.72	0.04	9.46
Project Total to Date ⁵	42.60	31.55	111.36

Table 1: Temporary Impact Acreage

Pre-Construction Mitigation Measures

A list of all pre-construction MMs/APMs identified in the MMCRP that are relevant to C449 is provided in Attachment C: Pre-Construction Status Report of this NTP request. To facilitate tracking and implementation, each MM/APM has been organized into tasks so that the various elements of each MM/APM can be tracked separately. Attachment C: Pre-Construction Status Report provides the full text of each MM/APM for C449, as well as the corresponding

² Public and established private roads that will be used for construction are not specifically identified in Attachment B: NTP #15 Components Map, but approved access roads are.

³ SDG&E uses three types of access roads—maintained, navigation, and construction only. Construction-only

access roads can sometimes require improvements and maintenance, which create temporary impacts to vegetation. ⁴ The totals may not add up exactly due to rounding.

⁵ The total temporary impact acreage for the Project includes C449, as well as all pending and approved Workspace Adjustments, MPRs, and NTPs. Temporary impacts due to outrigger adjustments will be totaled and included in the Post-Construction Report for each component.

completion status and details on the status. No construction work will occur until all of the applicable pre-construction MMs/APMs are fulfilled.

SDG&E respectfully requests authorization of this NTP request by July 5, 2018 in order to begin construction activities along C449 and meet the overall Project schedule. Should you have any questions or need additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me at XXX-XXX-XXXX.

Sincerely,

Kirstie Reynolds

Kirstie Reynolds Team Lead – Environmental Project Management SDG&E

Attachment A: Minor Project Refinement Request Attachment B: NTP #15 Components Map Attachment C: Pre-Construction Status Report

cc:

Allison Rice, Dudek Anna Bischoff, Dudek David Hochart, Dudek Brad Aughinbaugh, USFS Emily Fudge, USFS KD Tyree, USFS Kirsten Winter, USFS Katie Basinski, SDG&E Jennifer Kaminsky, SDG&E Tim Knowd, SDG&E Rachel Ruston, SDG&E Jim Vanlandingham, SDG&E Tanzania Ware, SDG&E Heidi Waitley, SDG&E Fred Bauermeister, Insignia Environmental (Insignia) Jeff Coward, Insignia Kevin Kilpatrick, Insignia Adam Lievers, Insignia Anne Marie McGraw, Insignia Erin Tomaras, Insignia ATTACHMENT A: MINOR PROJECT REFINEMENT REQUEST



CLEVELAND NATIONAL FOREST POWER LINE REPLACEMENT PROJECTS

Sempra Energy utility MINOR PROJECT REFINEMENT REQUEST FORM 05-29-18 018 **Date Submitted: Request #:** 07-05-18 Various **Date Approval Required:** Landowner: XXX-XXX-XX, XXX-XXX-XX, XXX-XXX-XX, XXX-XXX, XXX-XXX, APN: Refinement from (check all that apply): □ Mitigation Measure \Box APM ⊠ Project Description \Box Drawing \Box Other Identify source (mitigation measure, project description, etc.): In April 2015, San Diego Gas & Electric Company's (SDG&E's) responses to Data Request #10 were submitted to the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC). The responses included Attachment B.11 C449 Route Map¹ for the Cleveland National Forest Power Line Replacement Projects (Project), which depicted approved facilities, new underground 12 kilovolt (kV) distribution line, stringing sites, anchors, and access roads. Page B-44 through Page B-50 of the Final Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement (EIR/EIS) describes the Project's temporary workspace requirements for access, stringing sites, undergrounding, and pole work areas, as well as construction methodology for pole removal and installation and undergrounding. The information in this Minor Project Refinement (MPR) request discusses SDG&E's requested refinements to the 2015 baseline data (described in the Project description) for Circuit (C) 449. A brief description and justification of the refinements are provided on pages 2 and 3 of this MPR request. Attachments (check all that apply): ⊠ Refinement Request Screening Form Maps (See \boxtimes Other (See Attachment C: □ Photos (see Attachment A: Minor Attachment B: Impacts Table) Project Refinement Request Comparison Map) Screening Form) Under Order 2 of the Decision Granting SDG&E Permit to Construct the Cleveland National Forest Power Line Replacement Projects (D.16-05-038), the CPUC may approve minor project refinements under certain circumstances. In accordance with Order 2 of the Decision, respond "ves" or "no" to the following questions (a) through (d). (a) Is the proposed refinement outside the geographic boundary of the EIR/EIS study area? The requested refinements are located within the geographic boundary of the Final EIR/EIS study area, which is depicted in Figure ES-1 Regional Overview Map in the Final EIR/EIS. 🖾 No \Box Yes However, some of the refinement areas occur outside of the baseline survey areas. As a result, supplemental hydrological, biological, and cultural resources surveys were conducted in 2017 and 2018. Additional details regarding the specific surveys conducted are provided in each applicable resource section in Attachment A: Minor Project Refinement Request Screening Form.

¹ Attachment B.11 C449 Route Map depicts the 2015 baseline components.

(b) Will the proposed refinement result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously identified significant impact based on the criteria used in the EIR/EIS?	□ Yes	🖾 No					
(c) Does the proposed refinement conflict with any mitigation measure or applicable law or policy?	□ Yes	🛛 No					
(d) Does the proposed refinement trigger an additional permit requirement?	□ Yes	🖾 No					
Describe refinement being requested (attach drawings and photos as needed):							
SDG&E requests the following refinements along C449:							
• addition of 19 anchors and removal of 25 anchors, as well as associated anchor work are	as;						
• reconfiguration of one approved stringing site into two stringing sites, expansion of two sites, and the addition of seven stringing sites for a total of 11 new or adjusted stringing sites for a total of 11 new or adjusted stringing sites stringing sites for a total of 11 new or adjusted stringing sites stringing sites for a total of 11 new or adjusted stringing sites stringing sites for a total of 11 new or adjusted stringing sites stringing sites sites stringing sites stringing sites sites stringing stringing sites stringing str		stringing					
• addition of one temporary access/entry/turnaround work area to provide safe access, veh and parking;	icle turnar	ound,					
• addition of approximately 0.85 mile of construction-only access roads (vegetation clearing grading may occur);	ng and mir	lor					
 reconfiguration of the undergrounding (12 kV distribution line) within and near Mountai School/Cottonwood Community Day School, resulting in approximately 32 more feet of than the 2015 baseline; 							
• shift one new steel pole (Pole P258870) by approximately 46 feet and one wood-to-steel (Pole P45476) by 18 feet, as well as the associated temporary pole work areas;	replaceme	ent pole					
• change two wood-to-steel replacement poles to pole removals;							
• change two pole removals to wood-to-steel replacement poles; ²							
• addition of one pole removal, one wood-to-steel replacement pole, and two pole top-only the associated temporary pole work areas.	······································						
Attachment B: Comparison Map depicts the 2015 baseline data in comparison to the final design described in this MPR request. The activities associated with the construction and utilization of the will occur in the same manner as described in the Final EIR/EIS for construction of the Project. Trefinements result in a total of approximately 2.05 acres of temporary impacts (of which approxim classified as native vegetation) and less than 0.01 acre of permanent impacts. ³ The breakdown of permanent impacts is summarized in Attachment C: Impacts Table.	he refinem The reques nately 0.48	ent areas ted 3 acre is					

² These poles are located within Mountain Empire High School/Cottonwood Community Day School property. They are no longer pole removals due to constructability constraints. ³ A number of the refinements are reconfigurations or expansions of the approved 2015 baseline components. Therefore, any

area that overlaps with the 2015 baseline components is not included in the temporary and permanent totals.

Provide need for refinement (attach drawings and photos as needed):

The requested refinements described in this MPR request are required due to changes between the preliminary design presented in the Final EIR/EIS and Data Request #10 and the final design. SDG&E submitted responses to Data Request #10 in April 2015 once the preliminary design contained sufficient detail to address the requested information. However, SDG&E conducted constructability reviews in 2016 and 2017 and continued to refine the engineering design to better position stringing sites. In addition, the final pole locations were determined and all associated electrical work (e.g., anchor installations/removals and overhead equipment adjustments, such as pole-top work) was identified. The underground alignment was reconfigured within Mountain Empire High School/Cottonwood Community Day School to stay within the main driveway and minimize impacts to school property at the school's request. Therefore, minor refinements were deemed necessary.

Date refinement is expected to be implemented: 07-06-18

Resource Agency Coordination

Resource Agency	Name	Action Required	Date	Documentation (see attached if yes	
Not Applicable (N/A)	N/A	N/A	N/A	□ Yes	□ No

ATTACHMENT A: MINOR PROJECT REFINEMENT REQUEST SCREENING FORM

MINOR PROJECT REFINEMENT REQUEST SCREENING FORM

RESOURCE EVALUATION

The requested refinements were evaluated to verify that they will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously identified significant impact based on the criteria used in the Final Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement (EIR/EIS) for the San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E) Cleveland National Forest Power Line Replacement Projects (Project). The following Final EIR/EIS Consistency Checklist answers the consistency questions for each resource category and includes a description and justification below each resource category, as necessary. The consistency questions were developed using the California Environmental Quality Act Checklist provided in the Final EIR/EIS. Refer to the Final EIR/EIS for details on the Project's impact evaluation.

Final EIR/EIS Consistency Checklist				
Would the proposed action(s) result in a new impact, or increase the severity of a previously analyzed impact to:	No Change	Potentially Significant Change	N/A	
Visual Resources (e.g., adversely affect scenic vistas, damage scenic resources within a state scenic highway, degrade the existing visual character of the site and its surroundings, create sources of light or glare, or result in an inconsistency with applicable scenic integrity objectives)? <i>Final EIR/EIS evaluation⁴: Significant and unavoidable (Class I)/Adverse and unavoidable</i>				

Summary of Proposed Minor Project Refinement Impacts on Visual Resources:

The requested refinements are mostly minor, temporary workspace additions or adjustments to the locations of/activities at existing facilities and/or approved Project components that occur within or near the distribution line right-of-way (ROW). The reconfigured undergrounding, which will result in approximately 32 feet of additional undergrounding, will still occur within and near Mountain Empire High School/Cottonwood Community Day School and will not result in additional impacts to visual resources as the increase in length is negligible. Because no new steel poles are being added, the changes in pole activities (i.e., pole removals to wood-to-steel replacements) will not increase impacts to visual resources as these poles are existing structures within the distribution line ROW. In addition, none of the pole removals directly adjacent to the Pacific Crest National Scenic Trail (PCT) are changing; thus, the reduction in visual impacts to the PCT viewshed will be consistent with the analysis in the Final EIR/EIS.

The requested refinements will be consistent with the visual resource analysis defined in the Final EIR/EIS, and they will not impact scenic vistas or substantially affect existing views from Eligible State Scenic Highways (i.e., Interstate 8) and County of San Diego Scenic Routes (i.e., Buckman Springs Road, Oak Drive, Lake Morena Drive, and Old Highway 80). Impacts to the visual character of the area that may occur as a result of minor grading, vegetation clearing, and undergrounding will be temporary and reduced with implementation of Applicant-Proposed Measure (APM) VIS-01 and APM VIS-02. Therefore, the requested refinements will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to visual resources as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

⁴ The Final EIR/EIS evaluations of impact significance are provided for each resource; this table notes the most significant determination within each resource section identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

Final EIR/EIS Consistency Checklist				
Would the proposed action(s) result in a new impact, or increase the severity of a previously analyzed impact to:	No Change	Potentially Significant Change	N/A	
Air Quality (e.g. produce additional emissions, conflict with applicable local air quality plans, or expose sensitive receptors to additional pollutants)?				
Final EIR/EIS evaluation: Significant and unavoidable (Class I)/Adverse and unavoidable				

Summary of Proposed Minor Project Refinement Impacts on Air Quality:

Activities associated with construction and utilization of the refinement areas (e.g., the type of equipment used and the number of truck trips) will be consistent with those discussed in the Final EIR/EIS and will not increase air emissions beyond what was analyzed. The requested refinements are located adjacent to sensitive receptors, which is consistent with the 2015 baseline data and was analyzed in the Final EIR/EIS. The additional 32 feet of undergrounding will result in a negligible increase in air quality impacts due to the short distance. The additional minor grading and vegetation clearing required for the refinement areas may result in a minor increase in air quality impacts in localized areas. However, these activities will be short term and temporary, and they will move along the alignment linearly. With the implementation of APM AIR-01 through APM AIR-05, use of the refinement areas will not expose adjacent sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations, which is consistent with the analysis in the Final EIR/EIS. Therefore, the requested refinements will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to air quality as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

Final EIR/EIS Consistency Checklist				
Would the proposed action(s) result in a new impact, or increase the severity of a previously analyzed impact to:	No Change	Potentially Significant Change	N/A	
Biological Resources (e.g., result in temporary or permanent loss of native vegetation, preserve areas, native wildlife and/or their habitats; cause an adverse effect to jurisdictional waters or sensitive or special-status species; result in the introduction of invasive, non-native, or noxious plant species; conflict with local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan; or interfere with the movement of any resident or migratory wildlife)? <i>Final EIR/EIS evaluation: Less than significant with mitigation</i> <i>(Class II)/Adverse</i>	×			

Summary of Proposed Minor Project Refinement Impacts on Biological Resources:

The majority of the requested refinement areas were previously surveyed for sensitive vegetation communities and special-status plant and wildlife species during initial surveys that were conducted for the Project. In addition, the requested refinement areas were surveyed in 2017 and 2018 during engineering field reviews and the Pre-activity Study Report (PSR) process in accordance with SDG&E's Subregional Natural Community Conservation Plan. Other supplemental surveys conducted in 2017 along the Circuit (C) 449 alignment included a bat roost assessment and focused surveys for Townsend's big-eared bat (*Corynorhinus townsendii*) and other common bat species, as well as focused surveys for rare plants.

The requested refinements will result in a total of approximately 2.05 acres of temporary impacts and less than 0.01 acre of permanent impacts (including vegetation communities and developed/disturbed areas). This includes temporary and permanent impacts to the following vegetation communities:

- approximately 0.04 acre of big sagebrush scrub,
- approximately 0.17 acre of mixed oak woodland,
- approximately 0.01 acre of non-native grassland,
- approximately 0.01 acre of oak savanna;
- approximately 0.20 acre of southern mixed chaparral, and
- approximately 0.06 acre of southern riparian forest.

Special-status plants and Special-status butterfly host plants—including sticky geraea (*Geraea viscida*), stiffbranch bird's beak (*Cordylanthus rigidus*), and Jacumba milkvetch (*Astragalus douglasii* var. *perstrictus*)— are located within or adjacent to the requested refinement areas. Impacts to these plants will be avoided to the maximum extent possible by installing fencing/flagging near the known locations.⁵ Temporary and permanent impacts of approximately 1.60 acres and less than 0.01 acre, respectively, will occur to United States (U.S.) Fish and Wildlife Service-designated critical habitat for arroyo toad (*Anaxyrus californicus*).⁶ This species was analyzed in the Final EIR/EIS; and all APMs and mitigation measures (MMs) defined in the Project's Mitigation Monitoring, Compliance, and Reporting Program—as well as other permit and plan conditions—will be implemented as applicable to minimize or mitigate for additional impacts. Thus, the requested refinements will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to biological resources as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

⁵ Per the Project's approved Special-Status Plant Species Salvage and Relocation Plan, no treatment is required for these plant species.

⁶ Å number of the refinements are reconfigurations or expansions of the approved 2015 baseline components. Therefore, any area that overlaps with the 2015 baseline components is not included in the temporary and permanent totals.

Final EIR/EIS Consistency Checklist			
Would the proposed action(s) result in a new impact, or increase the severity of a previously analyzed impact to:	No Change	Potentially Significant Change	N/A
Cultural and Paleontological Resources (e.g., cause an adverse change to Traditional Cultural Properties or historical, archeological, or paleontological resources; or disturb any human remains)?	\boxtimes		
Final EIR/EIS evaluation: Less than significant with mitigation (Class II)/Adverse			

Summary of Proposed Minor Project Refinement Impacts on Cultural and Paleontological Resources:

The majority of the requested refinement areas were previously surveyed for cultural resources during pre-construction and cultural resources inventory work in 2008, 2009, 2010, and 2011, as described in the Inventory, Evaluation and Treatment of Cultural Resources in the Cleveland National Forest Transmission and Distribution Line Increased Fire Safety Project in support of the Proponent's Environmental Assessment (Schaefer and Williams, 2011 [Revised 2013]). Supplemental intensive pedestrian surveys were conducted by ASM Affiliates, Inc. in 2017 and 2018 for the refinement areas that were identified as being outside of the previous 2011 survey coverage. Two new cultural resources were recorded within a construction-only road during the supplemental surveys, and no previously recorded cultural resources were identified within the refinement areas. In accordance with the Appendix A update for the Historic Properties Management Plan, significant impacts to these resources will be avoided through implementing the recommended avoidance measures, such as no grading allowed near the resources and installing protective matting for the duration of the road's use. Further details on these cultural resources and the recommended avoidance measures are included in a supplemental confidential cultural resources letter report, which will be submitted to the USFS in support of this MPR request. All of the refinements are located within the Project's area of potential effect, as defined in the Project's Programmatic Agreement. Therefore, the requested refinements will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to cultural resources as defined in the Final EIR/EIS.

The requested refinements are underlain by the same geological formations along C449 as analyzed in the Final EIR/EIS, which includes geologic rock units/formations assigned a rank of Potential Fossil Yield Classification (PFYC) Class 1 (very low sensitivity) and Class 2 (low sensitivity). Because none of the refinements are underlain by rock units with a PFYC Class 3 (moderate or unknown sensitivity) ranking, additional paleontological monitoring and an update to the Paleontological Monitoring & Treatment Plan will not be required. Therefore, the requested refinements will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to paleontological resources as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

Greenhouse Gases (e.g., result in a net increase of greenhouse gas emissions, or conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation that reduces greenhouse gas emissions)? <i>Final EIR/EIS evaluation: Less than significant (Class III)/Not adverse</i>			
---	--	--	--

Summary of Proposed Minor Project Refinement Impacts on Greenhouses Gases:

Activities associated with construction and utilization of the requested refinement areas are consistent with the greenhouse gas (GHG) analysis in the Final EIR/EIS. Although additional minor grading, vegetation clearing, and undergrounding will occur, they will not trigger an exceedance of the GHG threshold of 10,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent per year or the County of San Diego Climate Action Plan criteria for annual grading and land clearing due to the small change in acreage. Therefore, the requested refinements will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to GHG emissions as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

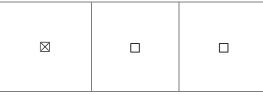
Final EIR/EIS Consistency Checklist				
Would the proposed action(s) result in a new impact, or increase the severity of a previously analyzed impact to:	No Change	Potentially Significant Change	N/A	
Public Health and Safety (e.g., result in a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials; emit hazardous waste within one-quarter mile of a school; be located on a hazardous materials site; result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the Project area; interfere with an adopted emergency plan; or create safety hazards due to structural failure)? <i>Final EIR/EIS evaluation: Less than significant with mitigation</i> (<i>Class II</i>)/Adverse				

Summary of Proposed Minor Project Refinement Impacts on Public Health and Safety:

The requested refinements occur within the area assessed in the *Report on ASTM Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Cleveland National Forest Electric Safety and Reliability Project San Diego County, California.* No known hazardous materials sites are located in the refinement areas. Some of the refinement areas are located within and adjacent to Mountain Empire High School/Cottonwood Community Day School. However, with the implementation of MM PHS-1 and MM PHS-2, the potential to create a significant hazard to the schools through the release of hazardous materials will be substantially reduced, which is consistent with the analysis in the Final EIR/EIS. Therefore, the requested refinements will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to public health and safety as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

Fire and Fuels Management (e.g., increase the probability of a wildfire, reduce the effectiveness of firefighting, or introduce non-native plants that would contribute to ignition potential)?

Final EIR/EIS evaluation: Less than significant with mitigation (Class II)/Adverse



Summary of Proposed Minor Project Refinement Impacts on Fire and Fuels Management:

The requested refinements will be located within the High and Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones, which is consistent with the Fire and Fuels Management analysis in the Final EIR/EIS. The potential risk of wildfire ignition and spread associated with the refinement areas will be managed in compliance with the Project's Construction Fire Prevention/Protection Plan. Therefore, the requested refinements will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to fire and fuels management as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

Final EIR/EIS Consistency Checklist				
Would the proposed action(s) result in a new impact, or increase the severity of a previously analyzed impact to:	No Change	Potentially Significant Change	N/A	
Hydrology and Water Quality (e.g., result in increased levels of turbidity, introduce contaminants, deplete groundwater supplies, or degrade water quality)? <i>Final EIR/EIS evaluation: Significant and unavoidable (Class</i> <i>I)/Adverse and unavoidable</i>				

Summary of Proposed Minor Project Refinement Impacts on Hydrology and Water Quality:

C449 was surveyed for the presence of waters of the state and/or the U.S. (i.e., jurisdictional wetlands or non-wetland waters) during initial surveys that were conducted for the Project. In addition, supplemental water resource surveys of the refinement areas were conducted in 2017 and 2018 during engineering field reviews and the PSR process. Impacts to jurisdictional resources are anticipated at Location 20+00 of the undergrounding along Buckman Springs Road; however, these impacts would have also occurred for the 2015 baseline alignment and are not a result of the reconfigured undergrounding within Mountain Empire High School/Cottonwood Community Day School. Therefore, this refinement area will not result in additional impacts or permitting beyond what was already contemplated for the Project. The impacts are covered under the existing California Fish and Game Code Section 1602 Streambed Alteration Agreement issued by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife. A Clean Water Act Section 404 Nationwide Permit No. 12 authorization issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and a Clean Water Act Section 401 Water Quality Certification issued by the Regional Water Quality Control Board will be obtained prior to impacts to the jurisdictional resources.

Although two anchor that will be removed from service are located in a wetland area, ground disturbance is not required at these locations. Therefore, impacts to these waters will be avoided, and no additional jurisdictional water permitting will be required. To minimize potential impacts from erosion and off-site sedimentation during construction, the refinement areas will be incorporated into a Change of Information (COI) that will add C449 to the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan for C440 and C442 (Waste Discharge Identification No. 9 37C381630). The COI will be submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board's Storm Water Multiple Applications and Report Tracking System. In conclusion, the requested refinements will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to hydrology and water quality as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

Land Use (e.g., disturb land uses at or near the Project components, divide an established community, or conflict with a land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the Project)?	\boxtimes	
Final EIR/EIS evaluation: Significant and unavoidable (Class I)/Adverse and unavoidable		

Summary of Proposed Minor Project Refinement Impacts on Land Use:

In accordance with the Construction Notification Plan and MM LU-1, property owners within 1,000 feet of C449 will be notified of construction activities in association with Notice to Proceed request #15, and the property owners within 1,000 feet of the requested refinements will be included in that notification process. The requested refinements will not introduce a new land use, establish a permanent barrier or obstacle between uses, or create a physical division or separation of use. In addition, the requested refinements will not conflict with the applicable land use plans, policies, or regulations of an agency with jurisdiction over the Project, as they are located in the same County of San Diego land use and zoning designations and Cleveland National Forest Land Management Plan land use zones that were analyzed in the Final EIR/EIS. Therefore, the requested refinements will not result in new significant impacts or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to land use as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

Final EIR/EIS Consistency Checklist			
Would the proposed action(s) result in a new impact, or increase the severity of a previously analyzed impact to:	No Change	Potentially Significant Change	N/A
Noise (e.g., disturb sensitive receptors and violate local rules, standards, and/or ordinances; or cause ground borne vibration)? <i>Final EIR/EIS evaluation: Less than significant with mitigation (Class II)/Adverse</i>			

Summary of Proposed Minor Project Refinement Impacts on Noise:

Additional construction-related noise will be generated within the requested refinement areas due to anchor and pole work, vegetation removal, minor grading, stringing conductor, undergrounding, and large equipment operation. The requested refinements are located adjacent to sensitive receptors, which is consistent with the 2015 baseline data and was analyzed in the Final EIR/EIS. Use of the refinement areas may result in temporary increases in noise levels. However, the construction activities will be short term and temporary at any given location and will move along the alignment linearly. In addition, with implementation of noise-related MMs and APMs, noise impacts from construction activities associated with the refinement areas will be the same as those analyzed in the Final EIR/EIS. Therefore, the requested refinements will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to noise as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

Public Services and Utilities (e.g., result in construction of new, or expansion of existing, facilities for fire protection, municipal water supplies, telecommunications, and solid waste; or disrupt electric service)?	\boxtimes	
Final EIR/EIS evaluation: Less than significant with mitigation (Class II)/Adverse		

Summary of Proposed Minor Project Refinement Impacts on Public Services and Utilities:

The requested refinements are consistent with the public services and utilities analysis in the Final EIR/EIS, and will not require new or expanded facilities or services. In addition, any applicable refinements will be included in ongoing coordination with AT&T in accordance with MM PSU-1. Therefore, the requested refinements will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to public services and utilities as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

Final EIR/EIS Consistency Checklist					
Would the proposed action(s) result in a new impact, or increase the severity of a previously analyzed impact to:	No Change	Potentially Significant Change	N/A		
Recreation (e.g., reduce access and visitation to recreation areas, preclude recreational activities, or result in increased, unauthorized access to specially designated or restricted areas)?	\boxtimes				
Final EIR/EIS evaluation: Less than significant with mitigation (Class II)/Adverse					

Summary of Proposed Minor Project Refinement Impacts on Recreation:

The requested refinement areas will be located within the approved C449 alignment. Like the 2015 baseline components that were analyzed in the Final EIR/EIS, the refinement areas will also be located near or traverse the PCT, Boulder Oaks Campground, and Lake Morena County Park; and they will occur adjacent to existing and proposed trails and pathways (i.e., Buckman Springs Road Pathway, Morena Stokes Road North Trail, and Oak Drive Pathway). Although one of the stringing sites (SS-3, which is a reconfiguration of an approved stringing site) overlaps with the PCT similar to the originally approved stringing site, access will be maintained during construction (excluding short, temporary closures due to wire stringing and other activities) and reduced visitation is not anticipated, which is consistent with the analysis in the EIR/EIS. Consistent with the C449 analysis in the Final EIR/EIS, use of the other refinement areas will not substantially reduce or preclude access to specially designated or restricted areas. In conclusion, the requested refinements will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to recreation as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

Transportation and Traffic (e.g., conflict with an applicable congestion management program or a plan, ordinance, or policy associated with the circulation system or alternative transportation; increase hazards due to a design feature; or result in inadequate emergency access)?		
result in inadequate emergency access)? <i>Final EIR/EIS evaluation: Less than significant with mitigation</i> <i>(Class II)/Adverse</i>		

Summary of Proposed Minor Project Refinement Impacts on Transportation and Traffic:

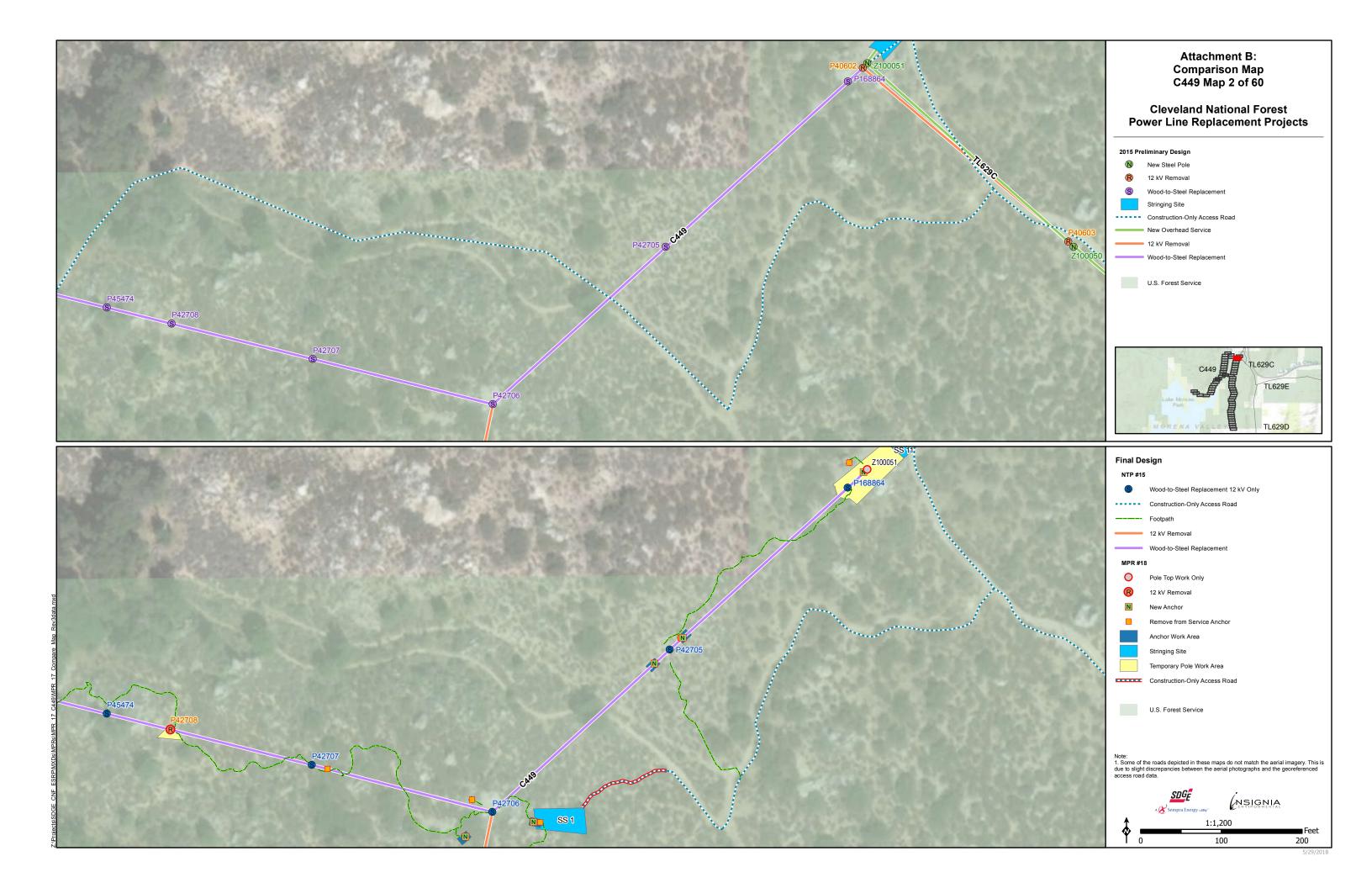
The requested refinements will not require additional or different types of construction vehicles and equipment than those discussed in the Final EIR/EIS for construction of the approved Project. In addition, the total number of truck trips associated with construction of the Project will not change, and the refinements will affect the same roadways analyzed in the Final EIR/EIS (e.g., Old Highway 80, Buckman Springs Road, Oak Drive, and Corral Canyon Trail/Morena Stokes Valley Road), as well as some smaller public and private roads. With the implementation of APM TRANS-01 through APM TRANS-05, potential temporary impacts to the existing levels of service (LOS)⁷ will be adequately addressed. Therefore, the requested refinements will not result in a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously analyzed impact to transportation and traffic as identified in the Final EIR/EIS.

⁷ Old Highway 80 has an LOS of A through D; Buckman Springs Road and Oak Drive have an LOS of A through C; and an LOS does not exist for Corral Canyon Trail/Morena Stokes Valley Road and the smaller public and private roads.

ATTACHMENT B: COMPARISON MAP



^{5/29/2018}



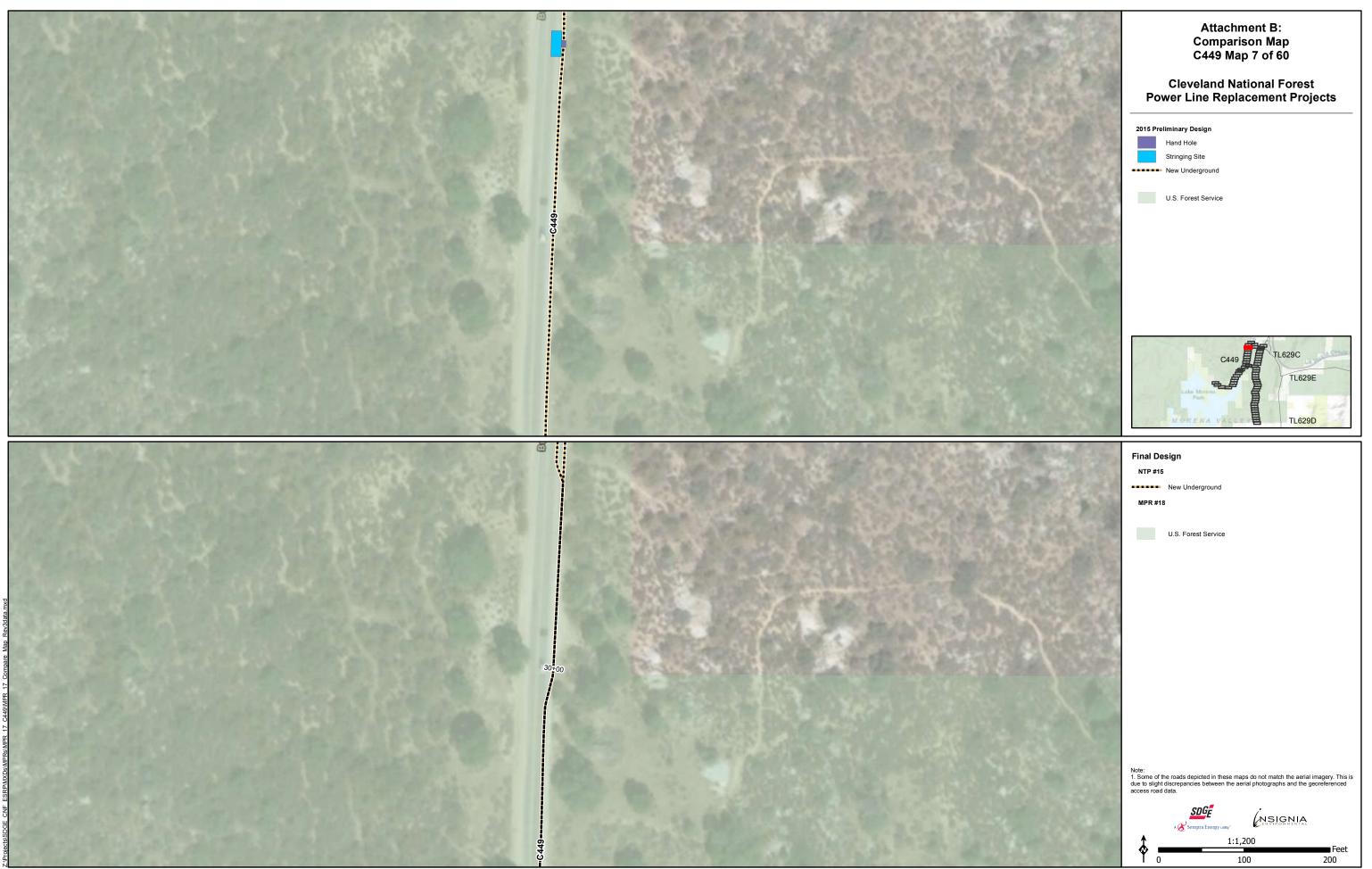


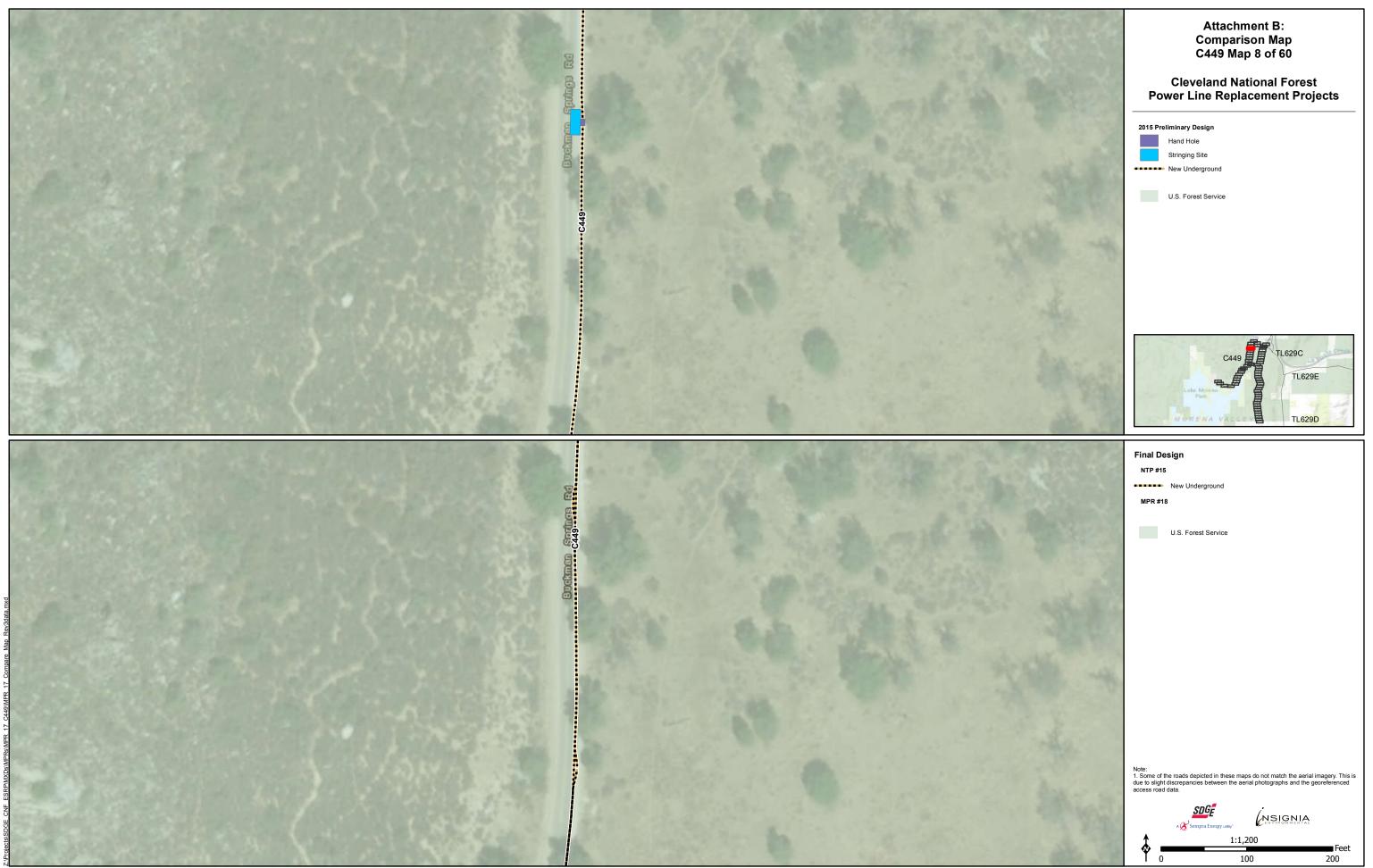


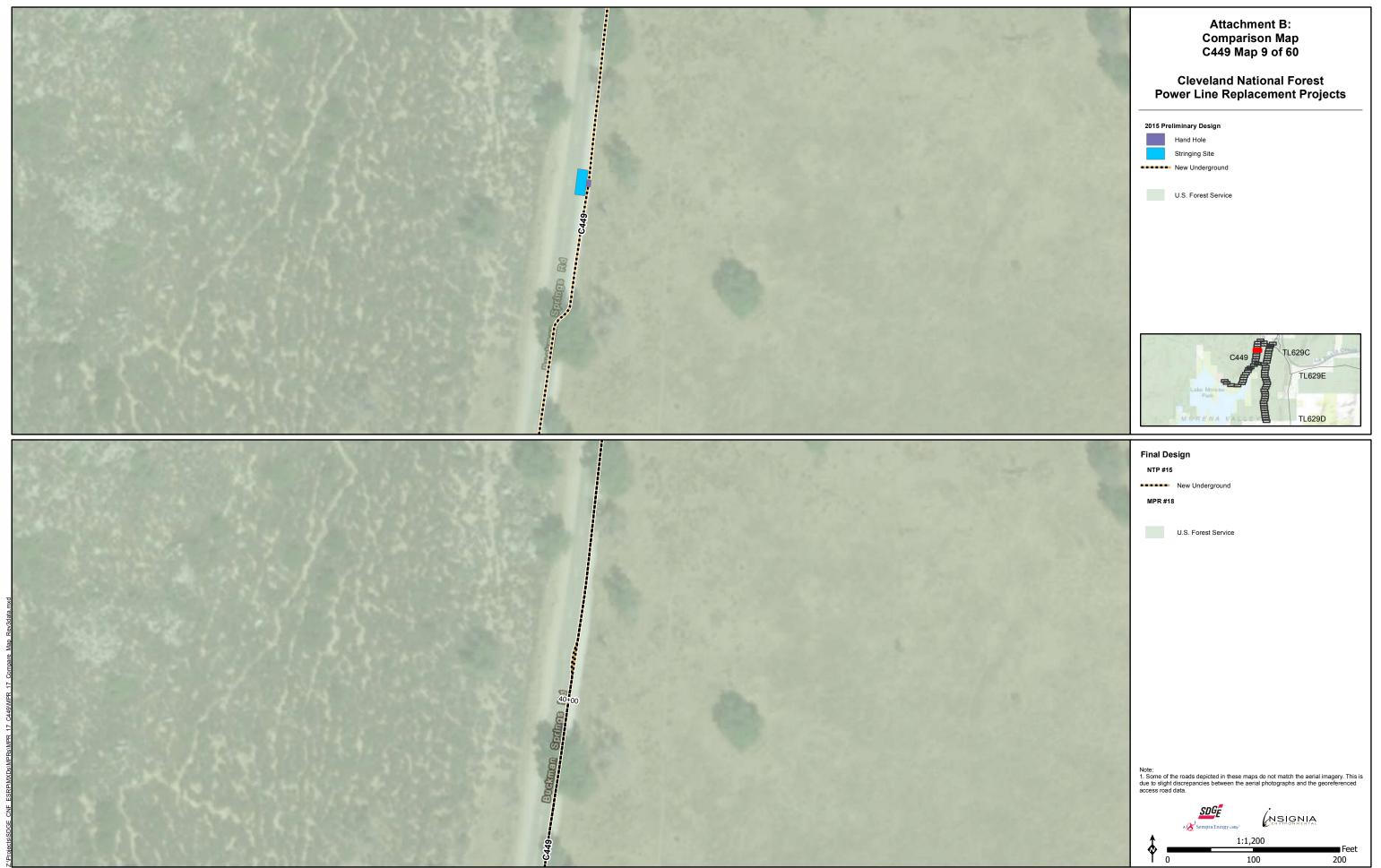
^{5/29/2018}

















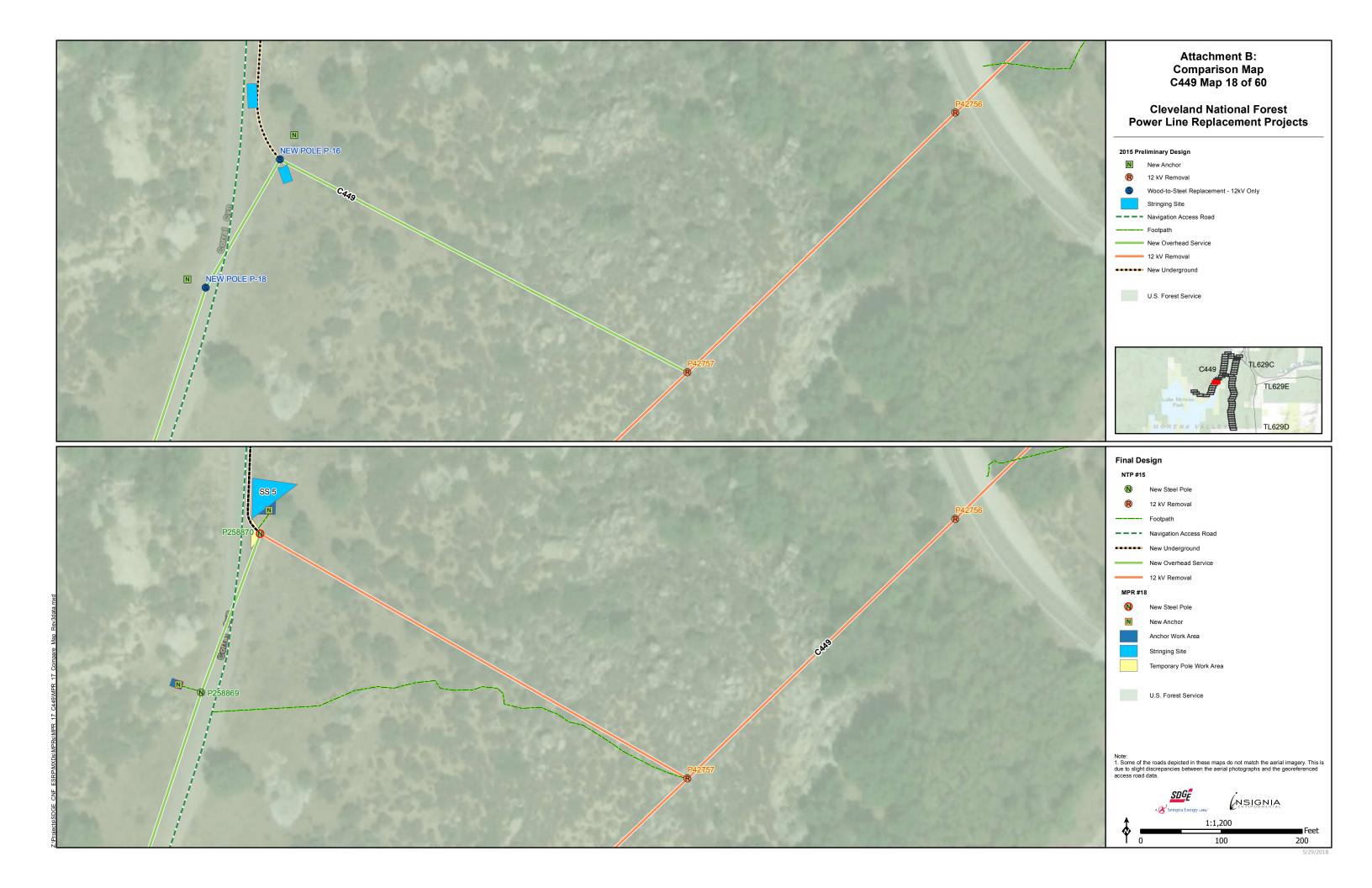


















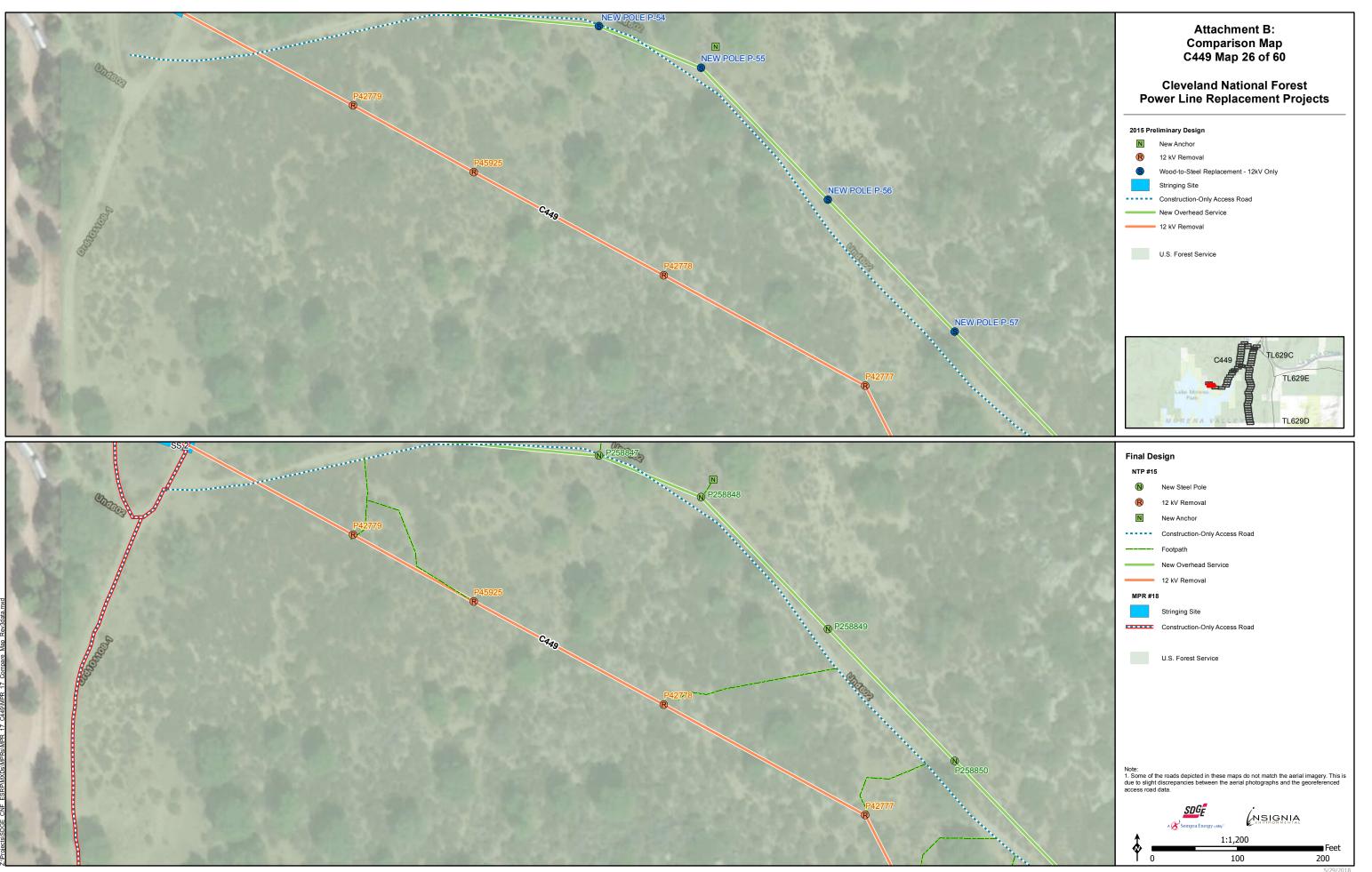


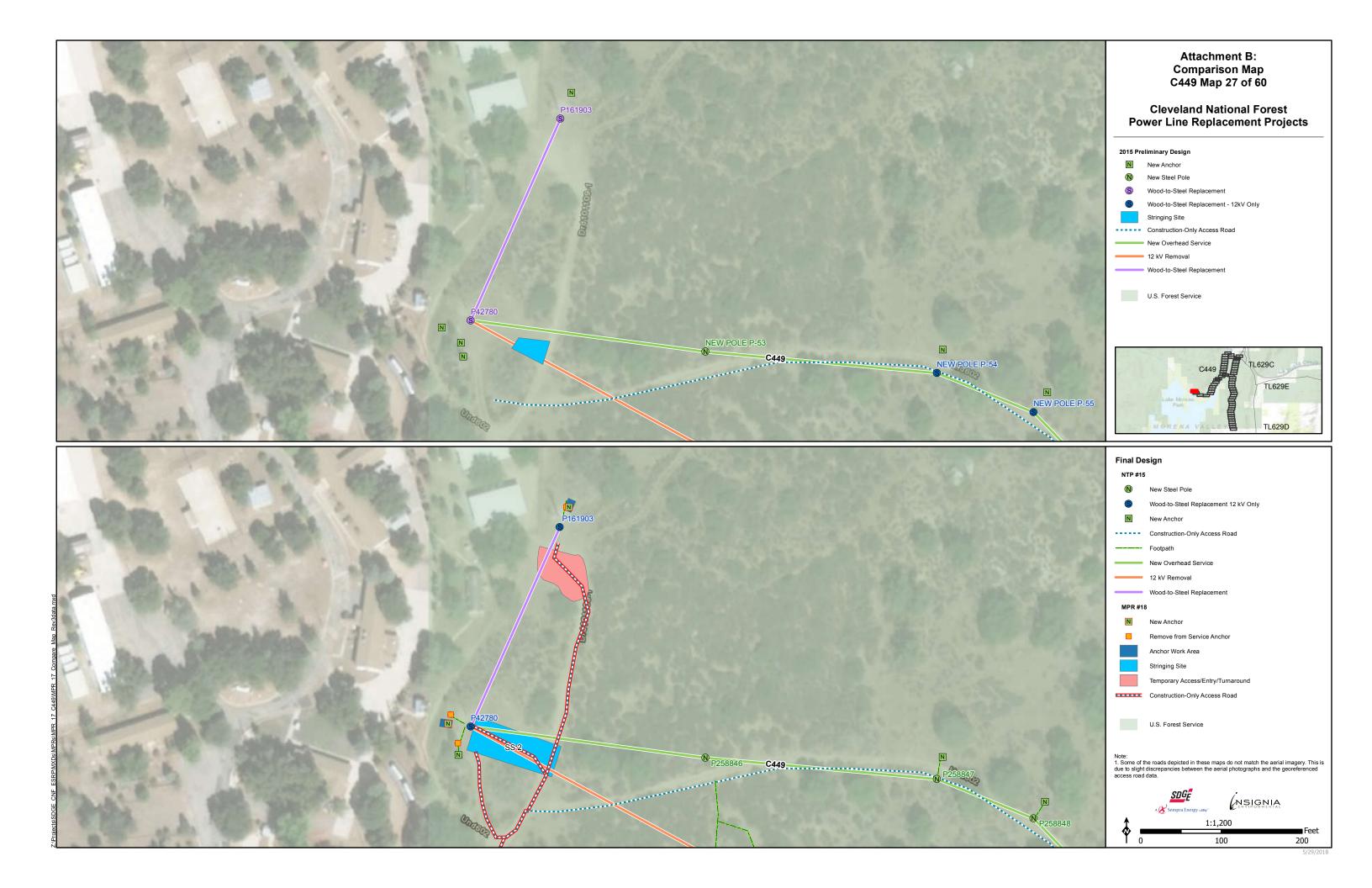


5/29/2018











5/29/2018









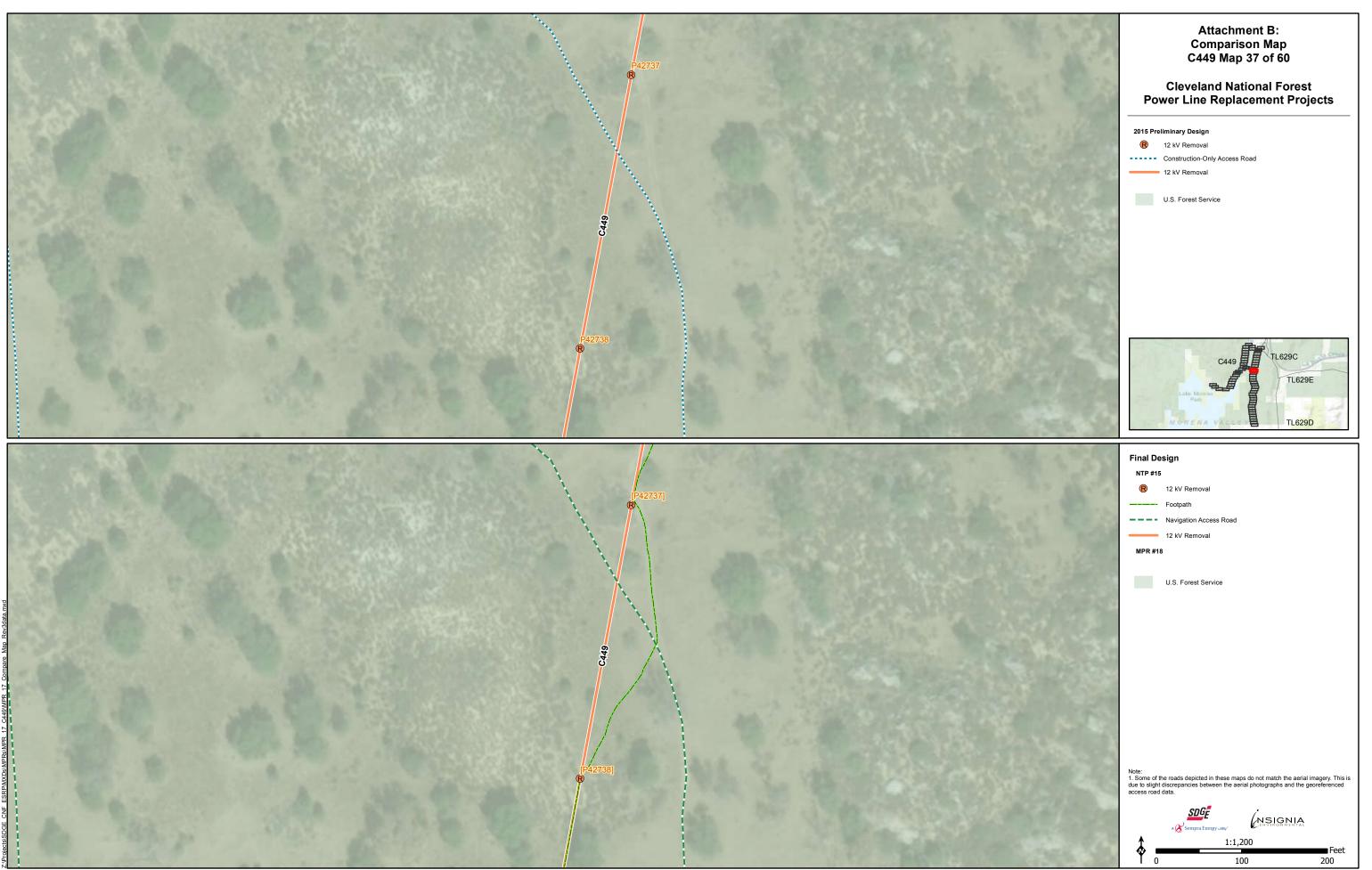


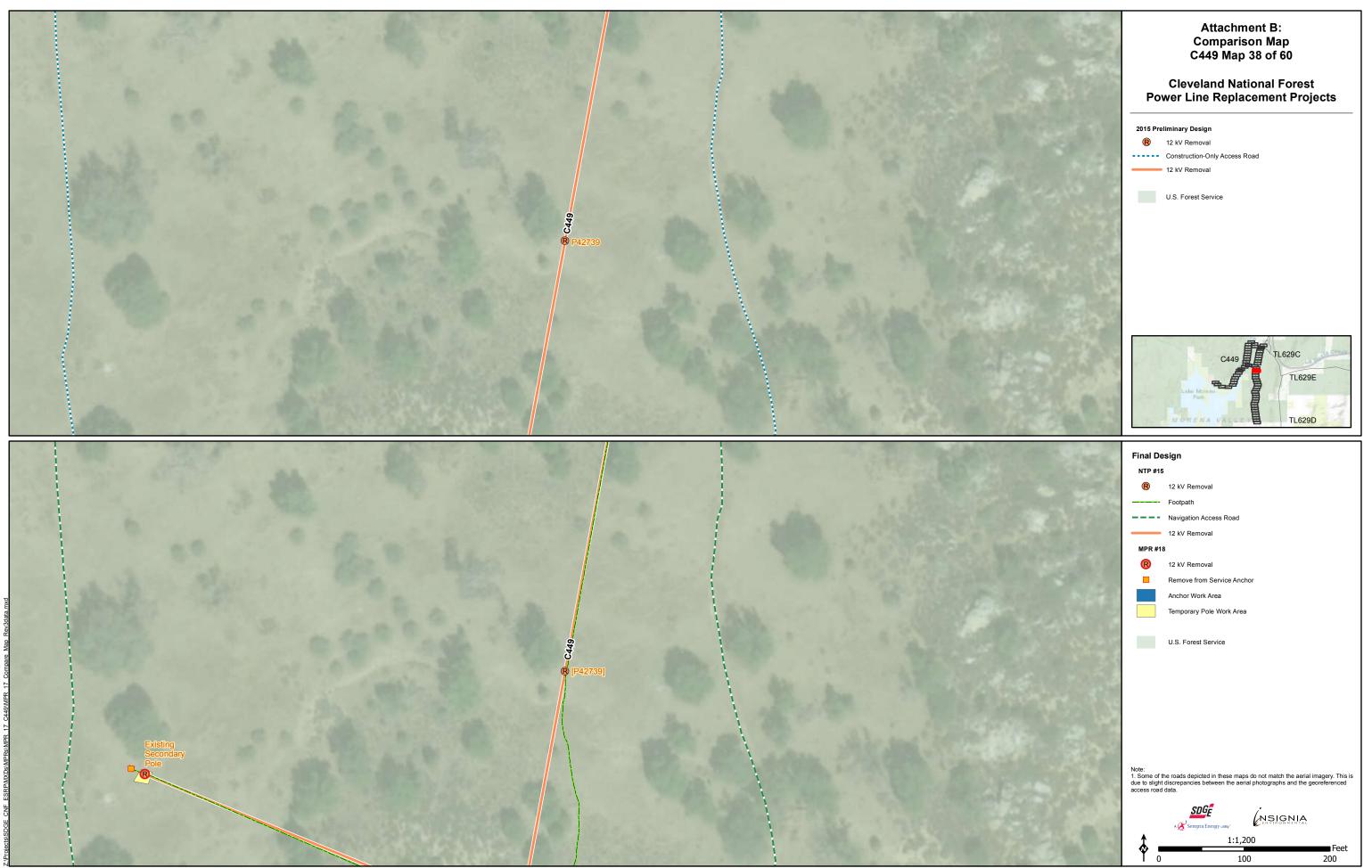




^{5/29/2018}







5/29/2018

























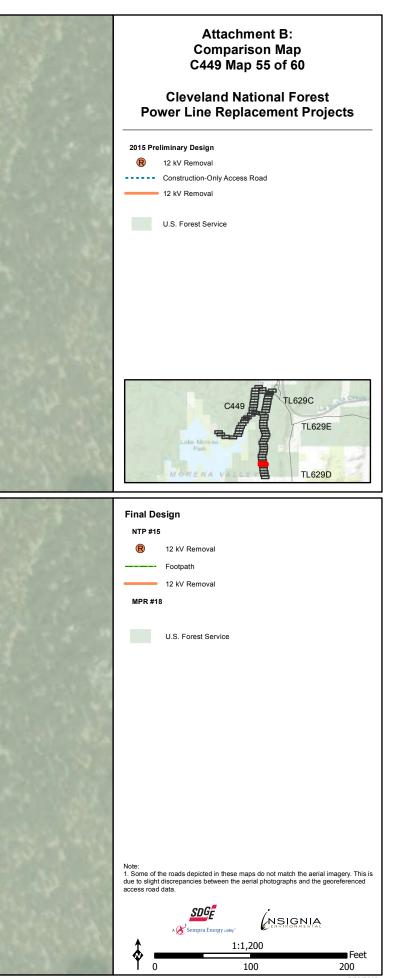












^{5/29/2018}

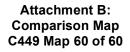








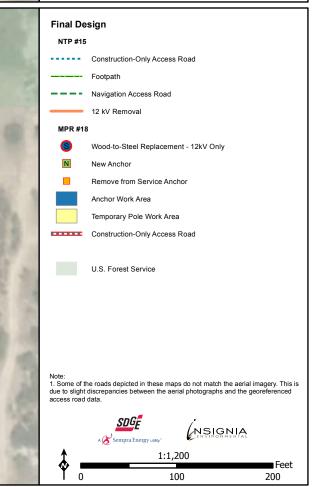




Cleveland National Forest Power Line Replacement Projects

2015 Preliminary Design





ATTACHMENT C: IMPACTS TABLE

ATTACHMENT C: IMPACTS TABLE

Table 1: Impacts Table lists the temporary and permanent impacts¹ of this Minor Project Refinement (MPR) request by vegetation type and workspace type.

	Approximate Impacts (acres)				
Impact Location	Native Vegetation	Non-Native Grassland	Agricultural/Disturbed/ Developed/Bare Ground		
Permanent Impacts					
Anchors	< 0.01	< 0.01	<0.01		
Poles	< 0.01		<0.01		
Total	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01		
Temporary Impacts					
Access Roads ²	0.14		1.02		
Anchor Work Areas	0.05	0.01	0.02		
Pole Work Areas	0.04	0.01	0.08		
Stringing Sites	0.21		0.42		
Temporary Access/Entry/Turnaround	0.04		0.03		
Total ³	0.48	0.01	1.56		
MPR #18 Total	0.48	0.01	1.56		

Table 1: Impacts Table

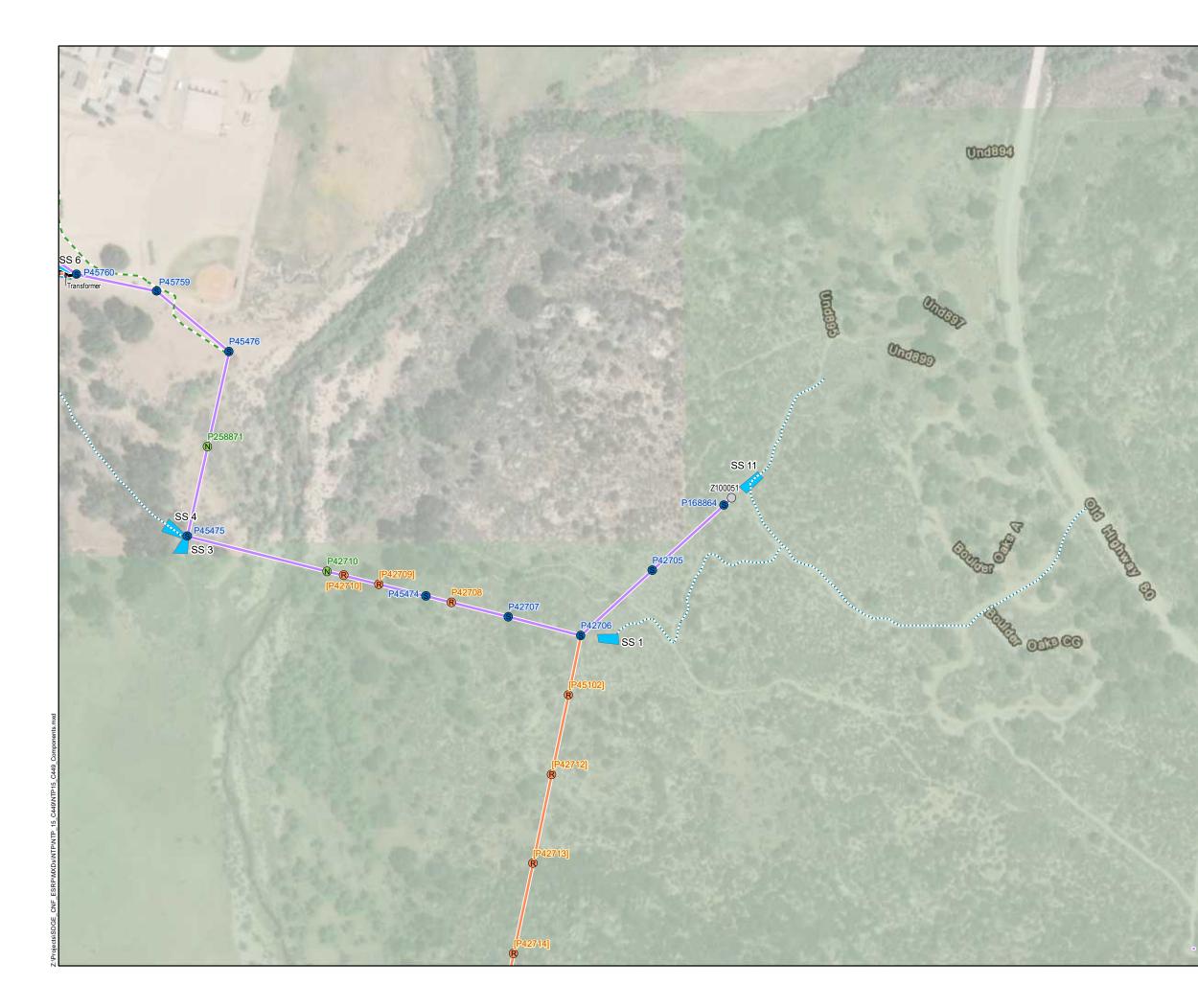
¹ A number of the refinements are reconfigurations or expansions of the approved 2015 baseline components. Therefore, any area that overlaps with the 2015 baseline components is not included in the temporary and permanent totals.

² San Diego Gas & Electric Company uses three types of access roads—maintained, navigation, and construction only. Construction-only access roads can sometimes require improvements and maintenance, which create temporary impacts to vegetation.

³ The totals may not add up exactly due to rounding.

San Diego Gas & Electric Company Cleveland National Forest Power Line Replacement Projects

ATTACHMENT B: NTP #15 COMPONENTS MAP

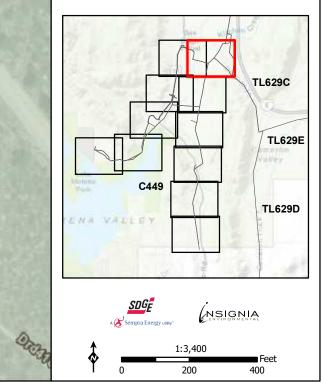


Attachment B: NTP #15 Components Map C449 Map 1 of 11

Cleveland National Forest Power Line Replacement Projects

1 Ø		New Steel Pole				
	\bigcirc	Pole Top Work Only				
	R	12 kV Removal				
	S	Wood-to-Steel Replacement 12 kV Only				
		Stringing Site				
		Transformer				
ł		Construction-Only Access Road				
ł		Navigation Access Road				
•		New Underground				
-		12 kV Removal				
-		Wood-to-Steel Replacement				

U.S. Forest Service



8/2/2018



Attachment B: NTP #15 Components Map C449 Map 2 of 11

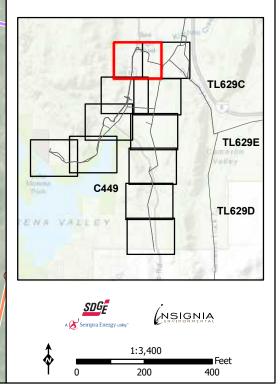
Cleveland National Forest Power Line Replacement Projects

	N	New Steel Pole
	\bigcirc	Pole Top Work Only
	R	12 kV Removal
	S	Wood-to-Steel Replacement 12 kV Only
		Stringing Site
		Handhole
		Pad
		Transformer
		Utility Box
•		Construction-Only Access Road
		Navigation Access Road
•		New Underground
-		12 kV Removal
		Wood-to-Steel Replacement

U.S. Forest Service

P4270

R

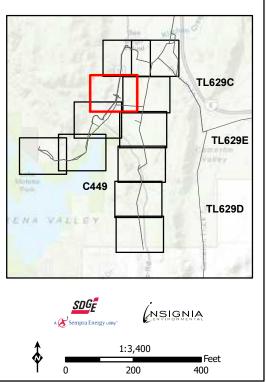




Attachment B: NTP #15 Components Map C449 Map 3 of 11

Cleveland National Forest Power Line Replacement Projects





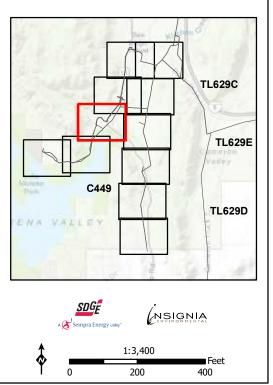


Attachment B: NTP #15 Components Map C449 Map 4 of 11

Cleveland National Forest Power Line Replacement Projects



U.S. Forest Service



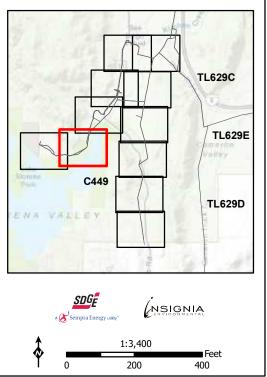
8/2/2018

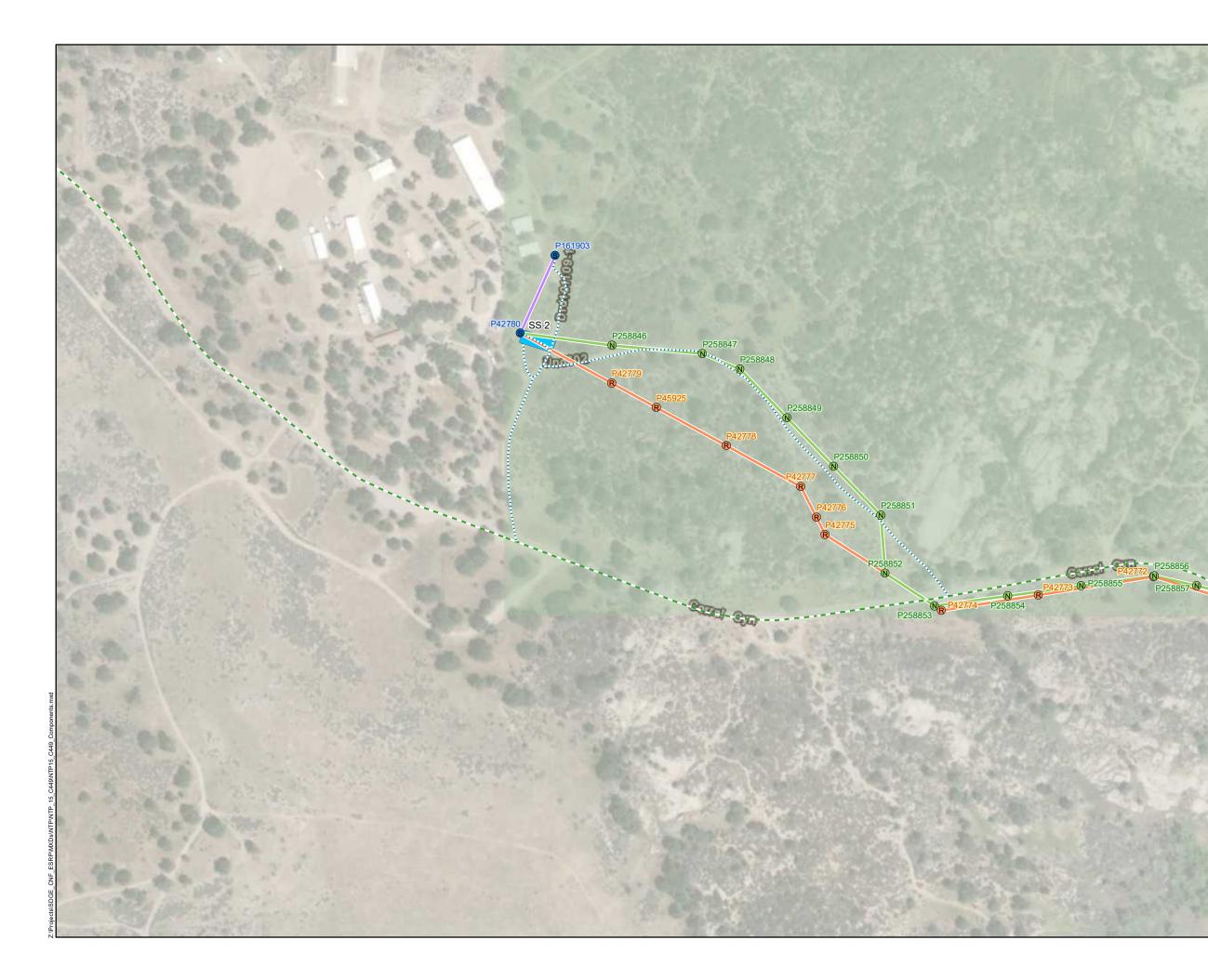


Attachment B: NTP #15 Components Map C449 Map 5 of 11

Cleveland National Forest Power Line Replacement Projects

	N	New Steel Pole
	R	12 kV Removal
	S	Wood-to-Steel Replacement 12 kV Only
-		Navigation Access Road
_		New Overhead Service
_		12 kV Removal
_		Wood-to-Steel Replacement

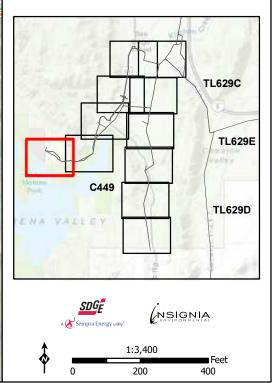


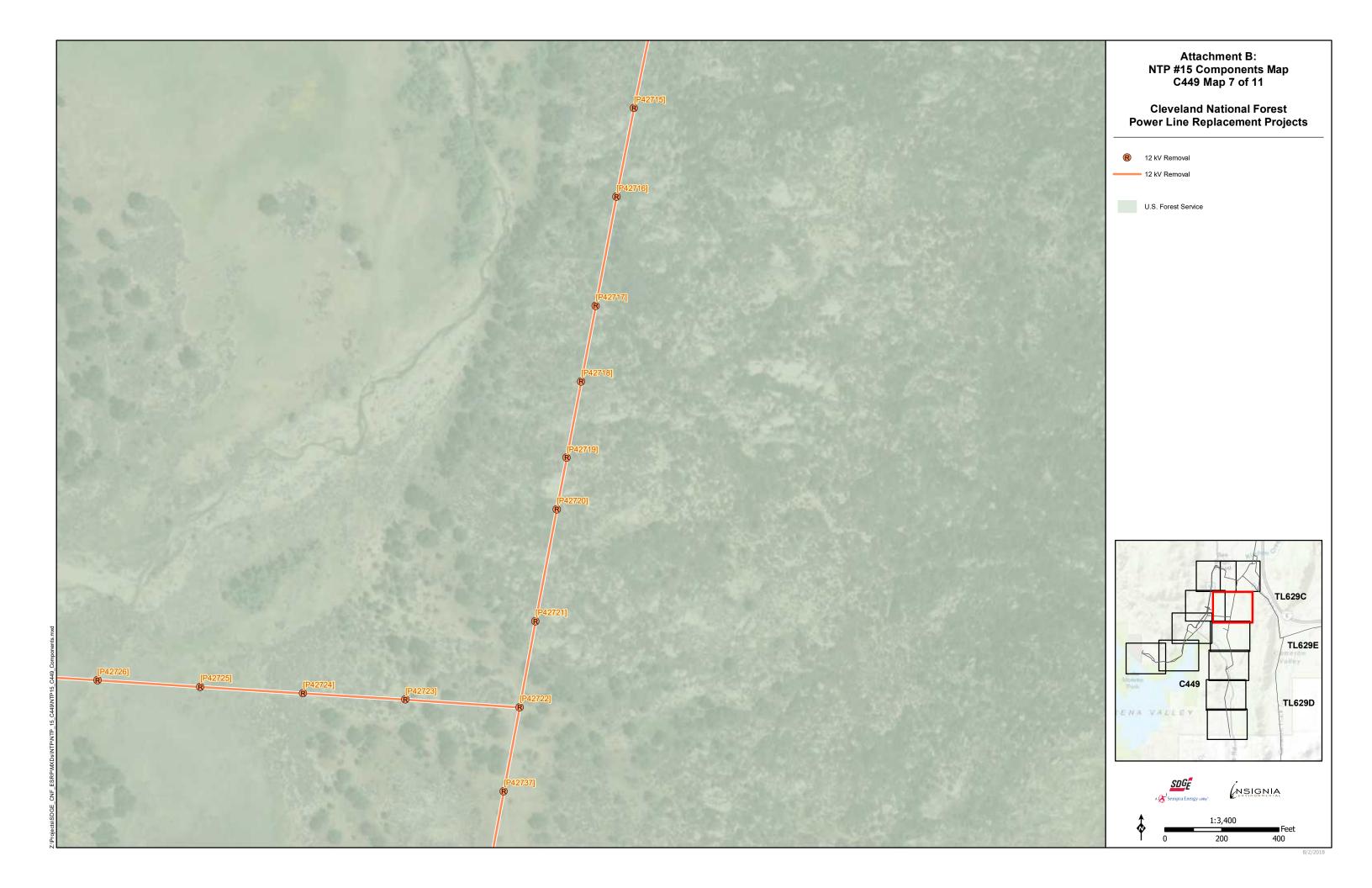


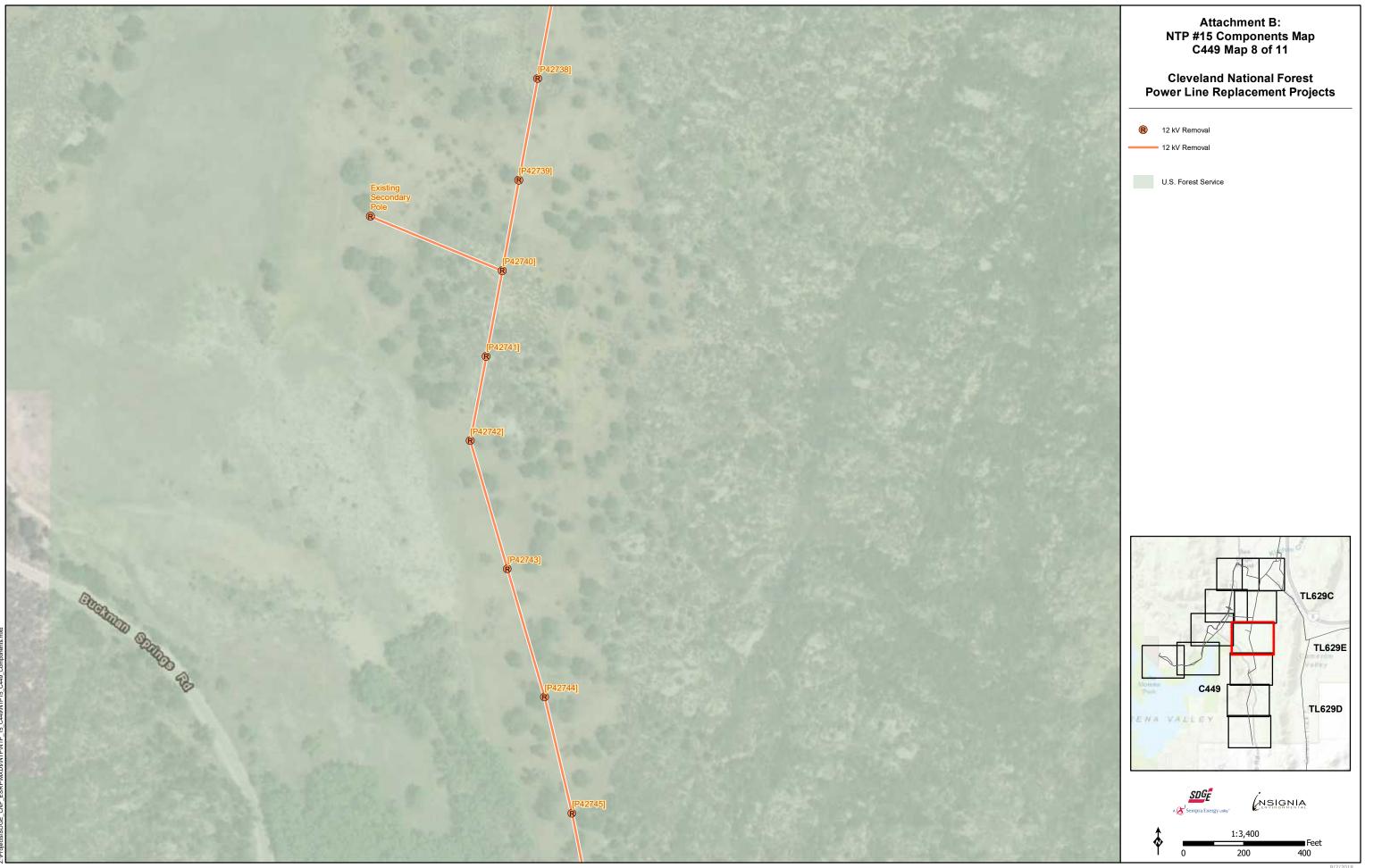
Attachment B: NTP #15 Components Map C449 Map 6 of 11

Cleveland National Forest Power Line Replacement Projects

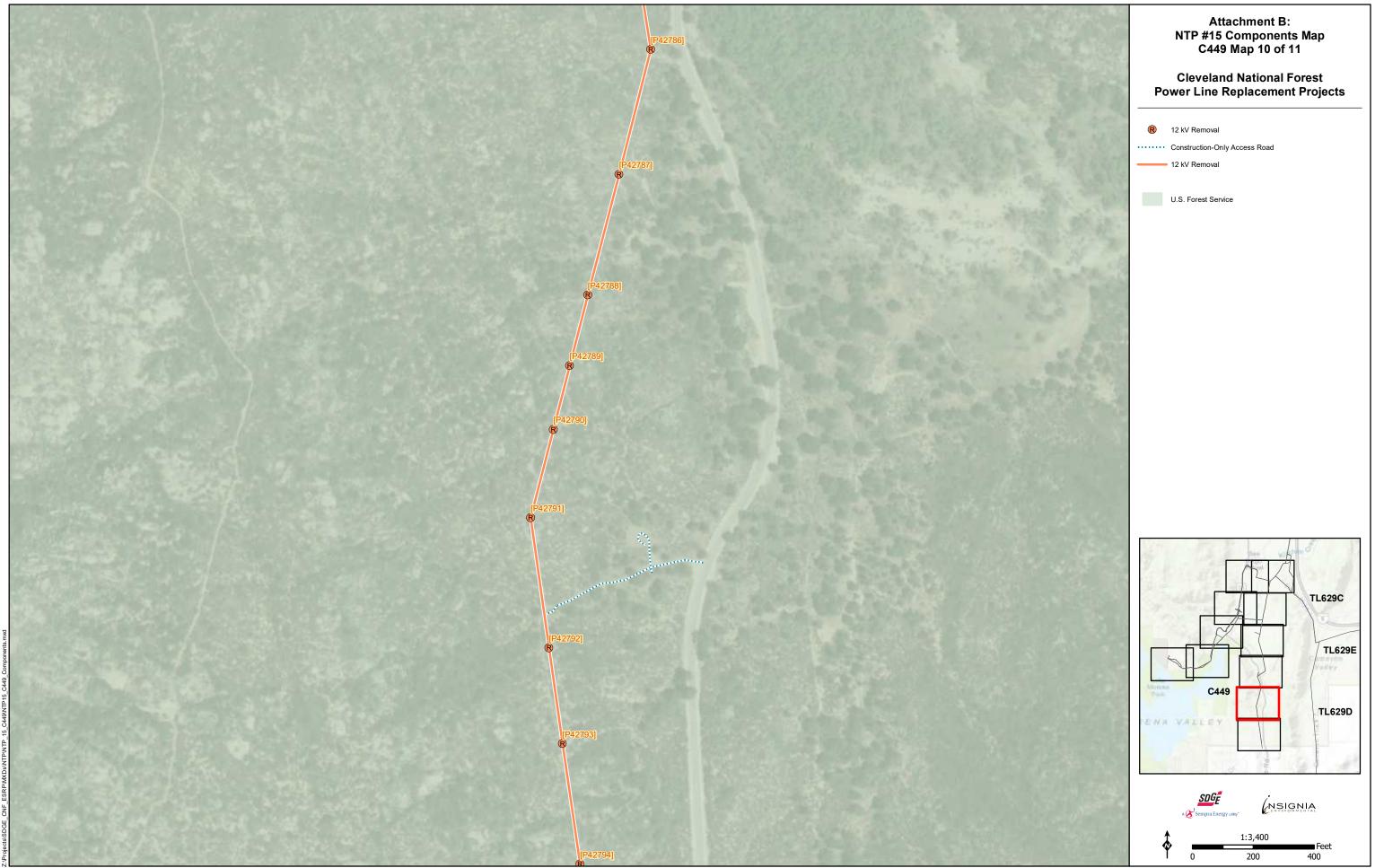
N	New Steel Pole
R	12 kV Removal
S	Wood-to-Steel Replacement 12 kV Only
	Stringing Site
•••••	Construction-Only Access Road
	Navigation Access Road
	New Overhead Service
	12 kV Removal
	Wood-to-Steel Replacement









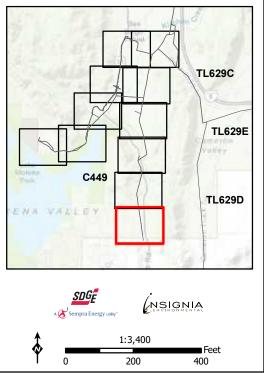




Attachment B: NTP #15 Components Map C449 Map 11 of 11

Cleveland National Forest Power Line Replacement Projects

R	12 kV Removal
S	Wood-to-Steel Replacement 12 kV Only
	Stringing Site
•••••	Construction-Only Access Road
	Navigation Access Road
	12 kV Removal



ATTACHMENT C: PRE-CONSTRUCTION STATUS REPORT

Attachment C: Pre-Construction Status Report

-To Be Implemented During Construction

-Pending

-To Be Implemented Following Construction

Report Criteria:

SOURCE: MMCRP

TIMING: Design; Design and During; Design and Post; Pre; Pre and During; Pre and Post; Pre, During, and Post LOCATION: C449

Location: C449

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Visual VIS-01 01 Scenery SDG&E shall file with the CPUC a Scenery Conservation Plan that is approved by the Forest Service and provided to other No specific pole loca Conservation Plan applicable jurisdictional agencies for review and comment. Each 69 kV power line or 12 kV distribution line segment will be C449 as requiring tre covered under an individual section of the plan, and each section will be reviewed and approved by the appropriate agencies measure is not appli prior to any ground-disturbing activities for the specific segment. The purpose of this plan is to identify and implement specific actions that will minimize the project's visual disturbance to the naturally established scenery. Specific actions shall also be identified and implemented for individual poles to protect existing views from established scenic vistas and roadways located outside of the CNF. Power and distribution line support towers shall be designed to minimize their visual prominence and contrast to the natural landscape. Individual poles anticipated to create adverse effects to scenic vistas and/or particularly noticeable visual contrast in existing views shall be designed, located, shaped, textured, and/or screened as necessary to minimize their visual contrast, blend and complement the adjacent forest and community character. Methods such as limiting the number of climbing pegs and identifying less visually intrusive pole markings for high voltage lines, consistent with CPUC requirements, shall be considered. SDG&E shall also be required to provide photorealistic visual simulations of typical proposed designs that include design features that may be incorporated into poles identified for visual treatment to demonstrate the effectiveness of such features in reducing visual contrast and prominence as viewed from sensitive viewsheds.

Visual	VIS-02	01	Management Plan		C449 was not identified in the measure; therefore, this measure is not applicable.	Pre	N/A
--------	--------	----	-----------------	--	---	-----	-----

Visual	VIS-02	02		SDG&E would be required to compensate the Forest Service for the loss in scenic quality associated with the negative scenery effects that are inconsistent with the LMP scenic integrity objectives. Compensation shall be accomplished through agency	C449 was not identified in the measure; therefore, this measure is not applicable.	Pre	N/A
			-	approved scenery restoration activities, fee-payment for scenery restoration projects, or preservation of comparable lands.			

	APM- 01 Plant a BIO-02 Surveys	and Wildlife All work areas will be surveyed for special-status plant and wildlife species by a qualified biologist prior to the commer construction in accordance with SDG&E's pre-activity survey report requirements.	cement of A qualified biologist conducted a pre-activity survey of C449 in accordance with SDG&E's Subregional NCCP operational protocols. Documentation of the Pre-Activity Survey Report's submittal to the USFWS and CDFW will be provided to the CPUC and USFS prior to construction.	Pre	Pending
--	-----------------------------------	---	---	-----	---------

Biological	APM-	01	Stringing Sites	Stringing site locations are designed with a preference toward placement within roadways, where possible, to minimize additional	SDG&E placed stringing
Resources	BIO-05			potential impacts from grading and vegetation removal that may otherwise be required if these stringing sites were required to be located in vegetated, off-road areas.	roadways to the maxim which will be shown in
					Sensitive Resources Ma
					to the USFS and CPUC

-Complete

-Not Applicable OR To Be Implemented Immediately Prior to Construction

Comments

	Timing	Status
tions were identified for eatment; therefore, this cable.	Pre and During	N/A

ging sites within existing ximum extent feasible,	Design	Pending
in a Workspace and		
Map that will be submitted		
JC prior to construction.		

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Biological	APM-	01 Im	nplement NCCP in	Although Laguna Mountains Skipper is not covered under SDG&E's Natural Community Conservation Plan (NCCP), SDG&E will	No Laguna Mountains skipper modeled critical	Pre and N/A
Resources	BIO-06	Lag	aguna Mountains	utilize NCCP protocols 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 29, 34, 35, 41, 44, 48, 54, 55, and 57 in United States (U.S.) Forest	habitat or occupied habitat occurs along this	During
		Ski	kipper Habitat	Service- (Forest Service-) modeled critical habitat and occupied habitat to minimize any potential impacts to this species. In	component; therefore, this measure is not	
				addition, SDG&E will have a qualified biologist survey any Laguna Mountains Skipper habitat prior to work.	applicable.	

Biological Resources	APM- BIO-07	01	CA Spotted Owl Consultation	If California spotted owls are identified in the vicinity of proposed work areas during the pre-activity survey process, SDG&E will consult with the appropriate resource agencies to avoid impacts to nesting California spotted owl.	SDG&E will implement the Project's NBMP before and during construction activities to avoid impacts to nesting birds, including California spotted owls. If California spotted owls are detected, SDG&E will consult the appropriate resource agencies.	Pre	To Be Implemented Immediately Prior to Construction
-------------------------	----------------	----	--------------------------------	--	---	-----	--

Biological Resources	APM- BIO-08	01	Lines Manual developed by the Avian Power Line Interaction Committee.	BIO-28 and was approved by the CDFW on May 18, 2016; the USFWS on June 20, 2016; the CPUC on July 19, 2016; and the USFS on June 30, 2016. The APP includes specific APLIC measures that will be applied, as well as guidelines for specialized construction designs	•	To Be Implemented During Construction
				to meet APLIC standards. The APP will be implemented during construction.		

Biological	APM-	01	Bat Roost	If active bat roosts are identified during pre-activity surveys, SDG&E will coordinate with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife	One active bat roost (s
Resources	BIO-09		Coordination	Service/California Department of Fish and Wildlife as appropriate.	roost) and two potent
					were identified near g
					sites on C449 during for
					survey report was sub
					CDFW, CPUC, and USF
					additional roosts were
					for the complete C449
					report for the complete
					submitted to the USF
					USFS prior to construc
					maternity roosts will b
					bat maternity season
					SDG&E will continue t
					USFWS and/or CDFW
					appropriate.

Biological BIO-01 (Resources

Comments

 (suitable only for a night ntial maternity bat roosts geotechnical investigation focused surveys. This abmitted to the USFWS, SFS on July 19, 2017. No rre identified during surveys 49 alignment. The survey lete alignment will be FWS, CDFW, CPUC, and uction. The two potential l be re-evaluated during the n (April to September), and e to coordinate with the V about these roosts as Pre Pending Pending Pre Pending Pre Pending Pre Pending Pre Pending Pending Pending<!--</th--><th></th><th></th><th></th>			
	htial maternity bat roosts geotechnical investigation focused surveys. This abmitted to the USFWS, GFS on July 19, 2017. No re identified during surveys 49 alignment. The survey ete alignment will be FWS, CDFW, CPUC, and action. The two potential be re-evaluated during the n (April to September), and to coordinate with the	Pre	Pending

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Biological Resources	BIO-02	01	Contractor Training	Conduct contractor training for all construction staff. Prior to construction, all developer, contractor, and subcontractor personnel shall receive training regarding the appropriate work practices necessary to implement the mitigation measures and comply with environmental regulations, including plant and wildlife species avoidance, impact minimization, and best management practices. Sign-in sheets and hard hat decals shall be provided that document contractor training has been completed for construction personnel.	All construction personnel will attend the required Worker Environmental Awareness Program training immediately prior to working on the Project and will receive a hard-hat decal to indicate that they have attended the training. Training sign-in sheets will be submitted with the Weekly Environmental Compliance Reports during construction.	Pre and During	To Be Implemented Immediately Prior to Construction
Biological Resources	BIO-03	01	Biological Monitoring	Conduct biological construction monitoring. An authorized biological monitor must be present at the construction sites during all initial ground-disturbing and vegetation-removal activities in undeveloped areas (i.e., not roads or existing developed areas). The monitor shall survey the construction project footprint and surrounding areas for compliance with all environmental specifications. Weekly biological construction monitoring reports shall be prepared and submitted to the appropriate permitting and responsible agencies through the duration of the ground-disturbing and vegetation-removal construction phase. Monthly biological construction monitoring reports and submitted through the duration of project construction to document compliance with environmental requirements.	Biological monitors approved by the CPUC and the USFS will conduct monitoring during initial ground disturbance and vegetation-removal activities. Biologists that were identified as "trainees only" by the USFS or CPUC will only conduct monitoring under the supervision of a fully approved biologist. Biological monitoring results will be summarized in the Weekly Environmental Compliance Reports.	Pre and During	To Be Implemented During Construction
Biological Resources	BIO-04	01	Habitat Restoration	Restore all temporary construction areas pursuant to a Habitat Restoration Plan (HRP). All previously undisturbed temporary work areas not subject to long-term use or ongoing vegetation maintenance shall be revegetated with native species characteristic of the adjacent native vegetation communities in accordance with a Habitat Restoration Plan as described in SDG&E NCCP 7.2 Habitat Enhancement Measures. Restoration techniques may include the following: hydroseeding, hand-seeding, imprinting, and soil and plant salvage. Any salvage and relocation of species considered desert native plants shall be conducted in compliance with the California Desert Native Plant Act. The HRP shall include success criteria and monitoring specifications and shall be approved by the permitting agencies prior to construction of the project. At the completion of project construction, all construction materials shall be completely removed from the site. Topsoil located in areas to be restored will be conserved and stockpiled during the excavation process for use in the restoration of sites requiring restoration. Wherever possible, vegetation will be left in place or mowed, and not grubbed, or the NCCP, to avoid excessive root damage and allow for natural regrowth following construction. Temporary impacts shall be considered a permanent impact and compensated accordingly (see MM BIO-5). Specifically, the HRP, will include the following sections: Introduction; Mitigation Measure Summary; Plan Objectives; Plan Implementation; Pre-Construction Documentation; Clearing and Grading; Cleanup; Seeding; Other Planting Methods- Schedule-Restoration; Seeding and Planting- Restoration Monitoring; Monitoring Success Criteria, and Remedial Measures; Reporting; Completion of Restoration Program- Reference. The HRP will be prepared by a habitat restoration specialist (approved by the CPUC and the Forest Service for review and approval prior to implementation.	The Habitat Restoration Plan was approved by the CPUC and USFS on August 11, 2016. Jeffry Coward was approved as a Habitat Restoration Specialist by the CPUC on September 14, 2015 and by the USFS on October 26, 2015. Cecilia Meyer-Lovell was approved as a Habitat Restoration Specialist by the CPUC on May 31, 2016 and by the USFS on May 23, 2016. The Habitat Restoration Plan will be implemented during construction.	Pre, During, and Post	To Be Implemented During Construction

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Biological	BIO-07	01	SWPPP	Prepare and implement a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan. Prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan pursuant to the	C449 will be enrolled
Resources				specifications described in APM HYD-05 and MM HYD-1.	General Permit (Order
					amended by 2010-001
					DWQ]). An NOI, a SWI
					Registration Documen
					were uploaded to the
					Control Board's Storm
					Applications and Repo
					October 27, 2017, and
					Identification number
					2, 2017 (WDID #9 37C
					Construction General
					include C449 will be u
					Water Resources Cont
					Multiple Applications
					System prior to constr
					implemented during c
Biological	BIO-09	01	Pole Replacement	SDG&E shall identify all proposed replacement pole locations within the vicinity of Riparian Conservation Areas (RCAs) to identify	A map of pole and acc

Biological ResourcesBIO-0901Pole Replacement with RCAsSDG&E shall identify all proposed replacement pole locations within the vicinity of Riparian Conservation Areas (RCAs) to those poles and associated access roads that can be reasonably relocated outside these areas and consult with the Forest for authorization of their relocation and proposed placement. These Forest Service requirements will only apply to Nation Forest System lands.	st Service vicinity of Riparian Cor
--	-------------------------------------

Comments

Timing Status

re Prevention/Protection by the SDCFA on December CAL FIRE, and the BLM on by the BIA on January 7, in June 17, 2016; and by the 16. Updated plans were UC and USFS on September 1, 2017, but no approval E coordinated with the e plan's Attachment 2: ion Matrix on CNF Land, and the edits on October 17, rovided to the CPUC for its 19, 2017. SDG&E e USFS on additional edits ment 2: Project Fire in CNF Land, and the USFS on March 7, 2018. A copy c CPUC for its records on an will be implemented	Pre and During	To Be Implemented During Construction

er 2009-0009-DWQ [as During Du		
Per was issued on November (C381630). A COI to revise al Permit coverage and uploaded to the State ntrol Board's Storm Water s and Report Tracking truction. The SWPPP will be	C381630). A COI to revise al Permit coverage and uploaded to the State ntrol Board's Storm Water s and Report Tracking	Pending
	truction. The SWPPP will be	

ccess road locations in the onservation Areas on USFS- be submitted to the CPUC nstruction.	Pending

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Comments

iological esources BIO-10 01

Biological Resources	BIO-10 (02	Limit Impacts to Jurisdictional Features	assessment of aquatic resources will be conducted to identify the environmentally preferred alternative. The assessment will include review of the National Hydrography Dataset, National Wetland Inventory, U.S. Geological Survey topographic maps, high- resolution digital photography, and necessary field checking. Once the environmentally preferred alternative is identified, a jurisdictional delineation will be conducted of the selected transmission line to ensure the final design is the Least Environmentally Damaging Practicable Alternative (LEDPA) and is in compliance with the Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 404(b)(1) Guidelines. The CWA Section 404 permit authorization will be obtained for any discharges into waters of the United States and the widths of access roads and construction of bridges over waters of the United States will be minimized to the extent feasible.	environmentally preferred alternative during the permitting process. Surveys for waters of	Pre	Pending
-------------------------	----------	----	--	---	--	-----	---------

Timing Status

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Biological ResourcesBIO-11O1Habitat Creation, Enhancement, Preservation, or Restoration	net loss of jurisdictional waters and wetlands. Temporary and permanent impacts to all jurisdictional resources shall be compensated through a combination of habitat creation (i.e., establishment), enhancement, preservation, and/or and restoration at a minimum of a 1:1 ratio or as required by the permitting agencies. Any creation, enhancement, preservation, and/or restoration effort shall be implemented pursuant to a Habitat Restoration Plan, which shall include success criteria and monitoring specifications, and shall be approved by the permitting agencies prior to construction of the project. A habitat restoration specialist will be designated and approved by the permitting agencies and will determine the most appropriate method of restoration. Restoration techniques may include hydroseeding, hand-seeding, imprinting, and soil and plant salvage (as discussed in SDG&E NCCP 7.2 Habitat Enhancement Measures). Temporary impacts shall be restored sufficient to compensate for the impact to the satisfaction of the permitting agencies (depending on the location of the impact). If restoration of temporary	August 11, 2016. Temporary and permanent impacts will be compensated as applicable and as required by the conditions defined in the waters permit obtained for C449. Documentation of the Clean Water Act Section	Pre and During	Pending
---	---	---	-------------------	---------

Biological	BIO-12	01	Drainage Crossing	Where drainage crossings are unavoidable, construct access roads at right angles to drainages. Unless not possible due to existing	No new, permanent access roads will be	Pre and	N/A
Resources			Requirements	landforms or site constraints, access roads shall be built perpendicular to drainages to minimize the impacts to these resources	constructed for C449; therefore, this measure is	During	
				and prevent impacts along the length of jurisdictional features.	not applicable.		

ological esources BIO-13 01 Special Status Plar Surveys	construction, San Diego Gas & Electric (SDG&E) shall retain a qualified biologist approved by the California Public Utilities	In 2017, qualified biologists (who were approved by the CPUC and USFS) conducted special-status plant surveys in areas of C449 that were not accessible during the Chambers Group surveys in 2010. The 2017 Rare Plant Survey Report for C449 will be submitted to the CPUC and USFS prior to construction.	Pre and During	Pending
---	---	---	-------------------	---------

Comments

Timing Status

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Biological Resources	BIO-14	01	Special Status Plant Fencing/Flagging	Install fencing or flagging around identified special-status plant species populations in the construction areas. Prior to the start of construction, a qualified biologist shall conduct focused surveys during the appropriate biooming period for special-status plant species for all construction areas. All of the special-status plant locations shall be recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS), which will be used to site the avoidance fencing/flagging. Special-status plant species shall be avoided to the maximum extent possible by all construction activities. The boundaries of all special-status plant species to be avoided shall be delineated in the field with clearly visible fencing or flagging. The fencing/flagging shall be maintained for the duration of project construction activities.	Notification of planned special-status plant species surveys is provided during the weekly Construction Status Meetings with the CPUC and USFS. In 2017, qualified biologists (who were approved by the USFS and CPUC) conducted special-status plant surveys of C449. The 2017 Rare Plant Survey Report for C449, as well as the GIS shapefiles reflecting the locations of special-status plant species, will be submitted to the CPUC and USFS prior to construction. Special-status plant species adjacent to delineated workspaces or along access roads will be fenced or flagged immediately prior to construction along this component. Special-status plant species will not be flagged if they are a considerable distance away from work areas (including footpaths) and are not likely to be encountered. All Project work activities will occur within the delineated work areas, access roads, and flagged footpaths. A Workspace and Sensitive Resources Map depicting special-status plant occurrences and the locations of fencing/flagging will be submitted to the CPUC and USFS prior to construction.	Pre and During	Pending
Biological Resources	BIO-15	01	Special-Status Plant Compensation	Implement special-status plant species compensation. Impacts to special-status plant species shall be maximally avoided. Where impacts to special-status plant species are unavoidable, the impact shall be quantified and compensated through off-site land preservation and/or plant salvage and relocation. Where off-site land preservation is biologically preferred, the land shall contain comparable special-status plant resources as the impacted lands and shall include long-term management and legal protection assurances to the satisfaction of the Forest Service. Land preservation must be completed within 36 months of initiation of construction. Where salvage and relocation is demonstrated to be feasible and biologically preferred, it shall be conducted pursuant to an agency-approved plan that details the methods for salvage, stockpiling, and replanting, as well as the characteristics of the receiver sites. Any salvage and relocation plans shall be approved by the permitting agencies prior to project construction. Any salvage and relocation of species considered desert native plants shall be conducted in compliance with the California Desert Native Plant Act. Success criteria and monitoring shall also be included in the plan. If salvage and relocation is not possible to the satisfaction of the Forest Service, off-site land preservation shall be required. Forest Service requirements will only apply to National Forest System lands.	The Special-Status Plant Species Salvage and Relocation Plan was approved by the CPUC on August 22, 2016 and by the USFS on August 24, 2016. SDG&E will implement the Special-Status Plant Species Salvage and Relocation Plan prior to initial ground-disturbing activities. The approved Habitat Restoration Plan will be implemented during and after construction for impacts to sensitive plant species.	Pre and During	To Be Implemented During Construction

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Biological Resources	01 Butterfly Protocol Surveys	Conduct protocol surveys for Quino checkerspot, Hermes copper, and Laguna Mountains skipper butterflies within 1 year prior to project construction activities in occupied habitat. The project proponent shall conduct preconstruction protocol surveys for Quino checkerspot butterfly, Laguna Mountains skipper, and Hermes copper butterfly within 1 year prior to construction activities (or unless coordination with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service determines that SDG&E's low-effect habitat conservation plan (HCP) for Quino (SDG&E 2007) adequately protects the species, historical surveys are adequate, or as superseded by consultation with the USFWS and Forest Service) in any project construction area known to support the species. Surveys shall be conducted by a qualified biologist in accordance with the most currently accepted protocol survey methods for Quino checkerspot and Laguna Mountains skipper. This includes current habitat assessment and reporting requirements. Results shall be reported to USFWS and the CDFW South Coast Regional Office within 45 days of the completion of the survey. Surveys for Hermes copper which includes any woody (mature) spiny redberry shrub with California buckwheat within 15 feet. California buckwheat without spiny redberry nearby is not considered suitable habitat. If California buckwheat is within 15 feet of a mature spiny redberry shrub, additional vegetation within 15 feet should also be considered potential habitat for Hermes copper. All butterfly protocol survey data shall be provided to the CDFW South Coast Regional Office.		Pre	N/A	
-------------------------	----------------------------------	---	--	-----	-----	--

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Biological	BIO-18	01	Butterfly Habitat	Provide compensation for temporary and permanent impacts to Occupied or Critical Habitat for Quino checkerspot, Hermes	No designated critical o
Resources			Compensation	copper, and Laguna Mountains skipper butterfly habitat through conservation and/or restoration. Temporary and permanent	QCB, Hermes copper be
				impacts to Quino checkerspot butterfly and Laguna Mountains skipper shall be compensated through a combination of habitat	Mountains skipper occ
				compensation and habitat restoration at a minimum of a 2:1 mitigation ratio for occupied non-critical habitat and a minimum of a	therefore, no temporar
				3:1 mitigation ratio for critical habitat, or as required by the permitting agencies. Forest-related impacts will be mitigated at the	to occupied or critical h
				ratios provided above on Forest Service lands and in coordination with the Forest Service. Habitat compensation shall be	and no compensation f
				accomplished through U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service-approved land preservation or mitigation fee payment for the purpose of	
				habitat compensation of lands supporting Quino checkerspot butterfly or Laguna Mountains skipper as appropriate. Mitigation	
				for Hermes copper butterfly shall consist of 1:1 replacement of temporary impacts to occupied habitat, where host plants are	
				impacted, and at a 2:1 ratio where permanent impacts occur. Land preservation or mitigation fee payment for habitat	
				compensation must be completed within 18 months of permit issuance. Habitat restoration may be appropriate as habitat	
				compensation provided that the restoration effort is demonstrated to be feasible and implemented pursuant to a Habitat	
				Restoration Plan, which shall include success criteria and monitoring specifications and shall be approved by the permitting	
				agencies prior to project construction. All habitat compensation and restoration used as mitigation for the proposed project on	
				public lands shall be located in areas designated for resource protection and management. All habitat compensation and	
				restoration used as mitigation for the proposed project on private lands shall include long-term management and legal protection	
				assurances.	

Biological	BIO-19	01	Avoid Butterfly Host	Final design of power and distribution line and access roads through Quino checkerspot and Laguna Mountains skipper critical	This measure applies to QCB and Laguna	Pre	N/A
Resources			Plants	habitat and Hermes copper occupied habitat shall maximally avoid host plants for these species. The final design of the proposed	Mountains skipper critical habitat and Hermes		
				project through Quino checkerspot, Hermes copper, and Laguna Mountains skipper butterfly habitat shall maximally avoid and	copper butterfly occupied habitat. QCB and		
				minimize habitat resources used by these species based on safety and other superseding regulatory requirements. The applicant	Laguna Mountains skipper critical habitat and		
				shall explore alternate tower locations, reduced road widths, reduced vegetation maintenance, and other design modifications to	Hermes copper butterfly occupied habitat do		
				minimize impacts to host plants in critical habitat for these species, and it shall obtain agency approval of the final design through	not occur along C449; therefore, this measure is		
				this area. If impacts are not avoided, compensatory mitigation, as described per MM BIO-18, will be required. This measure shall	not applicable.		
				apply to all locations that have been designated as critical or occupied habitat for these species.			

Biological Resources	BIO-20	01	Obtain Wildlife Permits	of the Forest Service consulting with the USFWS on the project, if federally listed wildlife species not already covered by SDG&E's NCCP (including any species that may be listed prior to issuance of the PTC and MSUP) may be impacted by the project, the Forest Service will initiate a Section 7 consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). If state-listed wildlife species not already covered by SDG&E's NCCP may be impacted by the project, SDG&E will seek a Section 2081 permit (or consistency determination) from the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW). In addition, take authorization for golden eagles will	The Project is covered by SDG&E's Subregional NCCP and QCB Low-Effect HCP. In addition, a Biological Opinion was issued for the Project on November 19, 2015. NCCP/HCP operational protocols and the applicable conservation measures from the Biological Opinion will be implemented prior to and during construction.	Pre	To Be Implemented During Construction
Biological Resources	BIO-20	02	Obtain Wildlife Permits	When conducting work within designated critical habitat for the Quino checkerspot butterfly, SDG&E shall implement all applicable protocols to avoid and minimize impacts to this species defined in the SDG&E Low-Effect Habitat Conservation Plan for Quino.	This measure applies to areas within designated critical habitat for QCB. There is no critical habitat for QCB along C449; therefore, this measure is not applicable.	Pre and During	N/A

tical or occupied habitat for per butterfly, or Laguna er occurs along C449; aporary or permanent impacts tical habitat are anticipated, tion for impacts is required.	Pre and During	N/A

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Biological	BIO-20	03	Obtain Wildlife	Additionally, when working within designated critical habitat for Laguna Mountains skipper, SDG&E shall implement all impact	This measure applies to
Resources			Permits	minimization measures for Laguna Mountains skipper (USFS 2006c), consistent with USFWS direction (USFWS 2006, 2007), which	critical habitat for Lagu
				includes:1. Prior to project work, a qualified biologist shall identify all LMS habitat (to include host plant and nectar sources)	There is no critical habit
				within 10 meters of the proposed project(s) ROW. SDG&E facilities that are within designated critical habitat for Laguna	Mountains skipper alon
				Mountains skipper are shown on USFWS Critical Habitat maps (71 FR 74592–74615). During any maintenance activities, a	measure is not applicab
				qualified biologist will be present to monitor work and ensure that Laguna Mountains skipper habitat is not affected.2.	
				Chipping of vegetation shall not be allowed in known or potential Laguna Mountains skipper habitat. This includes the ROW	
				within or adjacent to (within 10 meters) known or potential Laguna Mountains skipper habitat. Potential habitat shall be	
				identified by the qualified biologist either during the host plant/nectar source survey or some time previous to the onset of ROW	
				work. 3. Vehicles or tracked equipment shall only be allowed on existing roads or trails when operating within or adjacent to	
				Laguna Mountains skipper habitat. Prior to operation of vehicles on existing roads or trails, a qualified biologist will ensure that	
				the road or trail itself does not contain host plants or nectar sources. 4. Any project that may adversely affect the Laguna	
				Mountains skipper shall require consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. If the NCCP is not used, then formal	
				consultation with the USFWS and CDFW will need to occur to determine the need for take permits	

Biological BIO Resources	-21 01	L Sensitive Butterfly Species Construction Measures	If construction occurs in occupied and/or suitable habitat for sensitive butterfly species, SDG&E will implement the following: Quino checkerspot: SDG&E will comply with the avoidance and minimization measures outlined in the existing Low-Effect Habitat Conservation Plan for Quino checkerspot butterfly.	No occupied or suitable habitat for QCB exists along C449; therefore, this measure is not applicable.	Pre and During	N/A
-----------------------------	--------	--	--	---	-------------------	-----

Biological	BIO-21	02	Sensitive Butterfly	Hermes copper: Because this species is not state- or federally listed, the following will only be required for activities: While	No occupied or suitable
Resources			Species	performing construction activities within the flight season, a qualified biological monitor will be on-site for all project activities to	copper butterfly occurs
			Construction	assure that both impacts to host plants and direct take of Hermes copper butterflies are avoided to the greatest extent feasible.	this measure is not app
			Measures	The biological monitor may temporarily stop work in the event a Hermes copper butterfly is observed within the immediate	
				construction area (i.e., the flagged work areas currently being used for construction activities.)	

					1
Biological	BIO-21	03	Sensitive Butterfly	Laguna Mountains skipper butterfly: Construction will occur outside of the flight season OR at least 10 meters (33 feet) away from	No occupied or suitable
Resources			Species	all host plant locations. If there is a known or newly discovered occurrence during the flight season, construction shall be	Mountains skipper occu
			Construction	prohibited within 1 kilometer (0.6 mile) of the occurrence or unless coordination with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	therefore, this measure
			Measures	determines construction activities may commence. The Laguna Mountains skipper flight season occurs from April to July.	

Biological Resources BIO-22	01 Biological Monitoring	Biologists will monitor construction activities. San Diego Gas & Electric (SDG&E) shall retain qualified biologists and other qualified resource specialists, as necessary, to monitor all project construction activities that could reasonably result in impacts to biological resources. All monitor qualifications shall be reviewed and approved by the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) prior to conducting monitoring activities along the right-of-way. Monitors shall be responsible for preconstruction surveys, work area delineations (i.e., staking, flagging, etc.) to comply with SDG&E's Natural Community Conservation Plan, on-site monitoring, and documentation of violations and compliance. Monitors shall also delineate pre-determined access routes using markers or signs and ensure the maintenance of markers or signs on a regular basis.	CPUC- and USFS-approved biological monitors will conduct monitoring and delineate access routes and workspaces during and immediately prior to construction activities. Biological monitors that were identified as "trainees only" by the USFS and CPUC will only conduct monitoring under the supervision of a fully approved biologist. Biological monitoring results will be submitted within the Weekly Environmental Compliance Reports.	During	To Be Implemented Immediately Prior to Construction
--------------------------------	-----------------------------	---	---	--------	--

ble habitat for QCB exists	Pre and	N/A
abitat for Laguna ong C449; therefore, this cable.		
to areas within designated guna Mountains skipper.	Pre and During	N/A
to areas within designated	Pre and	N/A

	Pre and During	N/A
--	-------------------	-----

Pre and	N/A
During	

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Biological Resources	BIO-24	01	Speed Limits	Enforce speed limits in and around all construction areas. Vehicles shall not exceed 15 miles per hour on unpaved roads (as stated in SDG&E NCCP 7.1 Operational Protocols) and the right-of-way accessing the construction site or 10 miles per hour during the night.	Documentation that incorporated into the was provided to the 2016. Documentation included in the Wor Awareness Program and USFS on July 20 monitors will enforce component during of compliance with this
					documented in th

Biological Resources	BIO-24	01	Speed Limits	Enforce speed limits in and around all construction areas. Vehicles shall not exceed 15 miles per hour on unpaved roads (as stated in SDG&E NCCP 7.1 Operational Protocols) and the right-of-way accessing the construction site or 10 miles per hour during the night.	Documentation that the MMCRP was incorporated into the construction contracts was provided to the CPUC and USFS on July 20, 2016. Documentation that MM BIO-24 was included in the Worker Environmental Awareness Program was provided to the CPUC and USFS on July 20, 2016. Project biological monitors will enforce speed limits along this component during construction, and compliance with this measure will be documented in the Weekly Environmental Compliance Reports.	Pre and During	To Be Implemented During Construction
Biological Resources	BIO-26	01	Prohibit Littering	Prohibit littering and remove trash from construction areas daily. Littering shall not be allowed by the project personnel. All food- related trash and garbage shall be removed from the construction sites on a daily basis.		Pre and During	To Be Implemented During Construction
Biological Resources	BIO-27	01	Prohibit Harassment of Wildlife	Prohibit the harm, harassment, collection of, or feeding of wildlife. Project personnel shall not harm, harass, collect, or feed wildlife. No pets shall be allowed in the construction areas.		Pre and During	To Be Implemented During Construction
Biological Resources	BIO-28	02	Implement Bird Protection Measures	To avoid avian disturbance by construction activities, an Avian Protection Plan, including a Nesting Bird Management Plan, shall be developed in coordination with the Wildlife Agencies prior to project onset to develop measures based on site specific conditions to protect birds. This Avian Protection Plan shall be implemented by SDG&E and their biological monitors with oversight by the CPUC and the Forest Service. The Plan shall include procedures to allow the Wildlife Agencies open communication with the biological monitor(s) and access to scientific data collected that will be electronically stored in a database approved by the CPUC, the Forest Service, and the Wildlife Agencies. Between February and September during project construction, SDG&E shall provide a monthly summary of nesting bird monitoring activities and at the completion of each nesting season shall provide an evaluation of the data collected to date as specified in the Nesting Bird Management Plan. B. The Project's transmission pole and line design may have an impact on certain raptor species. Consequently, in addition to the construction activities, the Plan shall address avian mortality related to line strikes through the use of adaptive management (i.e., measures to make the lines more visible to the suite of species affected), in response to reported mortalities. C. The Avian Protection Plan shall include the following measures: a. Compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act b. Compliance with Fish and Game Code Sections 3503, 3503.5, and 3511c. Activities shall be prohibited with i. Approximately 0.25 mile of California spotted owl active nest sites (or activity centers) during the breeding season (February 1through August 15) unless surveys confirm that California spotted owls are not nesting within the 0.25- mile radius; ii. 500 feet of raptor and owl active nests; iii. 500 feet of federally and/or state-listed birds active nests; iv. 250 feet of occupied burrowing owl burrows from February 1 to August 31 or within 160 feet from Septem	-	Pre and During	To Be Implemented During Construction

Comments

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

C ∩	mm	ents
00		CIICS

Biological	BIO-28	03	Implement Bird	If year-round burrowing owls are identified and there would only be temporary indirect impacts, then work may continue	Burrowing owls have no
Resources			Protection Measures	through coordination with the CDFW and monitoring. If it appears that the burrowing owls may be directly impacted, then a	C449. CPUC- and USFS-a
				relocation plan will be developed for the specific burrowing owl(s). This plan would include the methods to relocate, location of	biologists will conduct n
				the relocation, and post-relocation monitoring. Active relocation and banding of birds is not required. Similar buffers will be	immediately prior to co
				utilized for non-Forest Service lands as specified in the Avian Protection Plan and Nesting Bird Management Plan. "Nest" is	with MM BIO-28. If burn
				defined as a structure or site under construction or preparation, constructed or prepared, or being used by a bird for the purpose	identified in the Project
				of incubating eggs or rearing young. Perching sites and screening vegetation are not part of the nest. "Active nest" is defined as	procedures will be follo
				once birds begin constructing, preparing, or using a nest for egg-laying. A nest is no longer an "active nest" if abandoned by the	MM BIO-28 and the API
				adult birds or once nestlings or fledglings are no longer dependent on the nest.	
	11		11		(I

Biological Resources BIO-28 04 Implement Bird Protection Measures d. Apply APLIC Measures. Specific APLIC measures to be applied must, at a minimum, must allow the circuits to meet National Electric Safety Code (NESC) requirements and should provide general information on specialized construction designs to meet APLIC standards. In particular, conductor separation between the energized and grounded hardware should meet the current state of the art requirements to protect species up to California condor. If appropriate separation is not feasible, then the energized parts and hardware should be covered. As appropriate, bird diverters should be deployed as well.		During	To Be Implemented During Construction
---	--	--------	--

Biological Resources	BIO-28 05	Implement Bird Protection Measures	D. The database shall include special features to accommodate additional variables (covariate) information requested by the Wildlife Agencies designed for this Project that will provide data which will contribute to the scientific standards of effective avian	CPUC- and USFS-approved avian biologists will conduct surveys and nest monitoring	To Be Implemented Immediately Prior to Construction
			avoidance measures. In order to help evaluate buffer effectiveness, nests shall be monitored on a daily basis by a qualified biologist during disturbance and-related activities (i.e., brushing, tree trimming, ground-disturbing activities, mechanized or manual construction/removal/installation, and restoration activities) and every 4 days following disturbance until nest fates have	immediately prior to and during construction activities in compliance with MM BIO-28. Avian biologists that were conditionally approved by	
		possible extrapol least 7 d biologist cowbird	been determined for entry into the database. Daily nest monitoring will be conducted by a qualified biologist, from as far away a possible while still being able to observe activity. The biologist need not observe the actual contents of the nest, but may extrapolate status based on adult behaviors. Actual surveys of the nest contents must not occur more than weekly (i.e., allow at	the CPUC and USFS will only conduct monitoring under the supervision of a fully approved avian biologist. The Avian Reporting	
			least 7 days between nest visits) and visits should be very brief, paths should go by the nest without stopping if possible, the biologist should not touch leaves or branches, and should take a new route each time they pass by the nest. If brown-headed	Database is described in Section 8 - Avian Reporting Database of the approved NBMP.	
			cowbirds or potential nest predators (e.g., scrub jays, crows, ravens) are in the area, then the visit should be postponed until they are gone.	Nests will be monitored in accordance with the approved NBMP. SDG&E will continue to provide database access to the Wildlife	
ĺ				Agencies, as stipulated in the measure.	

Biological Resources	BIO-28	06	Protection Measures	Awareness Program; Existing Avian Resources; Construction Process and Timing (related to avian resource protection); Specific APLIC measures to be Applied; Nest Survey and Monitoring Method; Surveyor Experience and Training; Nesting Bird Survey Protocol; Standard Buffer Distances as determined in consultation with Wildlife Agencies; Protections of Listed Species, Raptors, and Eagles; Nest Monitoring Data Collection; Avian Reporting System; Nest Monitoring Log to include fates of all nests monitored; Reporting including update of database accessible to Wildlife Agencies; Nest Management; Nesting Habitat Reduction; Nesting	coordination with the Wildlife Agencies. Approval of the APP/NBMP was received from the CDFW on May 18, 2016; from the USFWS on June 20, 2016; from the USFS on June 30, 2016; and from the CPUC on July 19, 2016. The	During	To Be Implemented During Construction
				Deterrent; Nest Removal; Risk Assessment and Mortality Reduction; Quality Control and Effectiveness; Avian Enhancement; Key	APP/NBMP will be implemented during construction along this component.		

Biological BIC Resources	0-28 07	Implement Bird Protection Measures	E. In order to identify locations of current bald eagle (Haliaeetus leucocephalus), golden eagle (Aquila chrysaetos), California spotted owl (Strix occidentalis), American peregrine falcon (Falco peregrinus anatum), or federally and/or state-listed or fully protected bird nests, the monitoring biologists will coordinate with the U.S. Forest Service (Forest Service), U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) to ensure that the most up to date information is made available to monitoring biologists. If work will be conducted within a 1 mile buffer of historic and currently known nests during the bald or golden eagle breeding season (December 15 through July 31), SDG&E will survey the historic and currently known nests sites to determine if they are active. If nests are determined to be active, then work within 1 mile of active nests shall be rescheduled until after the completion of nesting activity at those nests. Alternatively, SDG&E may plan work activities to occur outside of the 1 mile buffers during the breeding season.	Coordination with the USFS, CDFW, and USFWS is ongoing, in accordance with this measure. These species are addressed in Section 7.2 - Protections of Listed Species, Raptors, and Eagles in the approved NBMP. Immediately prior to and during construction, nest surveys and nest buffers will be implemented in accordance with the approved NBMP.		To Be Implemented Immediately Prior to Construction
-----------------------------	---------	---------------------------------------	--	---	--	--

have not been detected on	Pre and	To Be Implemented Immediately
d USFS-approved avian	During	Prior to Construction
onduct nesting bird surveys		
ior to construction in compliance		
8. If burrowing owls are		
Project vicinity, the required		
be followed in accordance with		
the APP/NBMP.		

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

 Comments

Biological Resources	BIO-30	01	Bat Protection	(A) Townsend's bat protection measures Prior to work being conducted, measures will be employed to protect (a) Townsend's bat and (b) bats in general. Prior to work being conducted, qualified biologists will conduct a literature search for potential roost sites and follow-up surveys for Townsend's big-eared bat maternity roosts within 500 feet of project lines during the breeding/pupping season (April–mid- September). Typical Townsend's big-eared bat roosts occur in mines, caves, buildings, long and dark culverts, and older bridges (pre-1960) (Pierson and Rainey 1994). If any potential structures or features for Townsend's big-eared bat are present within the project area they shall be surveyed.	A literature review and follow-up surveys for potential Townsend's big-eared bat roosts were conducted by CPUC- and USFS-approved bat biologists in 2017. The bat survey report for geotechnical investigation sites on C449 was submitted to the USFWS, CDFW, CPUC, and USFS on July 19, 2017. The bat survey report for the complete C449 alignment will be submitted to the USFWS, CDFW, CPUC, and USFS prior to construction.	Pre	Pending
Biological Resources	BIO-30	02	Bat Protection	Inspections of potential roosts shall be conducted using an appropriate combination of visual and acoustic survey techniques (including structure inspection, sampling, and/or exit counts) for areas that may be directly or indirectly impacted by the project. Where active roosts are located, reporting shall include: 1) the exact location of all roosting sites (location shall be adequately described and drawn on a map); 2) the number present at the time of visit (count or estimate); 3) the location, amount, distribution, and age of all droppings shall be described and pinpointed on a map; and 4) the type of roost (i.e., night roost – rest at night while out feeding vs. day roost – maternity colony) must also be clearly stated. All survey results, including field data sheets, shall be provided to the CDFW South Coast Regional Office. Locations of all roosts shall be kept confidential to protect them from disturbance. If non-maternity roosts are identified, the CDFW will be notified and consulted. If maternity roosts are present, the CDFW and CPUC will be notified and no work will occur within 500 feet of the roost location until the end of the pupping season or until the roost is determined to be unoccupied by Townsend's big-eared bat. For the protection of young (i.e., unable to fly) and hibernating adults all project-related activities shall be avoided where roosts are present during the winter and spring. No restrictions apply to project vehicle traffic on existing access roads, or to construction activity that occurs outside of the pupping season.	Based on data collected during the literature review, field assessment, and focused surveys, one active bat roost (suitable only for a night roost) and two potential maternity bat roosts were identified near C449. However, no Townsend's big-eared bat maternity roosts were identified within 500 feet of C449.	Pre and During	Complete
Biological Resources	BIO-30	03	Bat Protection	(B) General bat protection measures for other bat species Prior to work being conducted, qualified biologists will conduct a literature search for known general bat roost sites and follow-up surveys within 100 feet of project lines during the breeding/pupping season (April–mid-September). In general, bat species may roost in rock outcrop, dense tree canopies, flaking tree bark, snags, bridges, mine, caves, flumes, and buildings. If any known sites for bats in general are present within the project area they shall be surveyed.	A literature review and follow-up surveys for potential roosts of common bat species were conducted by CPUC- and USFS-approved bat biologists in 2017. The bat survey report for geotechnical investigation sites on C449 was submitted to the USFWS, CDFW, CPUC, and USFS on July 19, 2017. The bat survey report for the complete C449 alignment will be submitted to the USFWS, CDFW, CPUC, and USFS prior to construction.	Pre	Pending
Biological Resources	BIO-30	04	Bat Protection	Inspections of known roosts shall be conducted using an appropriate combination of visual and acoustic survey techniques (including structure inspection, sampling, and/or exit counts) for areas that may be directly or indirectly impacted by the project. Bats shall be identified to the most specific taxonomic level possible. Where active bat roosts are located, reporting shall include: 1) the exact location of all roosting sites (location shall be adequately described and drawn on a map); 2) the number of bats present at the time of visit (count or estimate); 3) each species of bat present shall be named (include how the specific was identified); 4) the location, amount, distribution, and age of all bat droppings shall be described and pinpointed on a map; and 5) the type of roost (i.e., night roost – rest at night while out feeding vs. day roost – maternity colony) must also be clearly stated. All survey results, including field data sheets, shall be provided to the CDFW South Coast Regional Office. Locations of all roosts shall be kept confidential to protect them from disturbance.	Based on data collected during the literature review, field assessment, and focused surveys, one active bat roost (suitable only for a night roost) and two potential maternity bat roosts were identified near C449. However, no common bat species maternity roosts were identified within 100 feet of C449.	Pre	Complete

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Biological Resources	BIO-30	05	Bat Protection	If potential roosts are determined to be present then the roosts must be analyzed further to determine if Townsend's big-eared bats are present and if maternity roosts are present. If maternity roosts are present, the CDFW and CPUC will be notified and no work will occur within 100 feet of the roost location until the end of the pupping. For the protection of young (i.e., unable to fly)	One active bat roost (suitable only for a night roost) and two potential maternity bat roosts were identified during focused surveys for	Pre and During	Pending
				and hibernating adults, all project-related activities shall be avoided where roosts are present during the winter and spring. No restrictions apply to project vehicle traffic on existing access roads, or to construction activity that occurs outside of the pupping season.	geotechnical investigation sites along C449. No additional roosts were identified during focused surveys of the complete C449 alignment. No Townsend's big-eared bat maternity roosts were identified within 500 feet of the C449 work areas, and no common bat maternity roosts were identified within 100 feet of C449 work areas. The potential maternity bat roosts will be surveyed during the maternity season (April to September) and prior to construction in those areas to determine if they are maternity roosts. If additional bat roosts are identified in the vicinity of C449, the CPUC and CDFW will be notified. Approximately 100-foot construction exclusion buffers will be established at maternity roosts during the maternity season for bat species other than Townsend's big-eared bat.		
Biological Resources	BIO-31	01	Kangaroo Rat Survey	Biologists will conduct surveys for Stephens' kangaroo rat. In locations where Stephens' kangaroo rat habitat assessments were not accessible during the 2010 surveys (including the extensive parcels of land westward of Santa Ysabel owned by a single landowner – Map Pages MS-016-025 [Chambers Group Inc. and SJM Biological Consultants 2012; Appendix A] and the large parcel immediately south of Old Highway 80 and southward of southern end of Kitchen Creek Road [Map Page MS-069 [Chambers Group Inc. and SJM Biological Consultants 2012]; Appendix A]), a pedestrian preconstruction survey for potentially occupied suitable habitat (open habitat with suitable soils, slope, and kangaroo rat burrows) and follow-up trapping to confirm species, will be conducted by a California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC)-approved biologist to assess the potential areas for Stephens' kangaroo rat to occur within SDG&E's proposed project area.	C449 was previously accessible during the 2010 SKR surveys; therefore, additional surveys are not required, and this measure is not applicable.	Pre	N/A
Biological Resources	BIO-31	02	Kangaroo Rat Survey	Any burrows, utilized habitat, or signs of Stephens' kangaroo rat utilizing a habitat (e.g., track prints) will be flagged for avoidance during construction activities. The monitoring biologist shall halt construction activities if he or she determines that the construction activities are disturbing Stephens' kangaroo rat occupied habitat. If Stephens' kangaroo rat occupied habitat cannot be avoided during construction, the monitoring biologist shall make recommendations to ensure minimal impacts to the existing Stephens' kangaroo rat habitat and burrows during construction. Recommendations may include, but are not limited to: (1) rerouting access to the project work area for complete avoidance of Stephens' kangaroo rat occupied habitat; or (2) placement of dirt piles or sediment to avoid occupied burrows. Upon completion of the survey and any follow-up construction avoidance management, a report shall be prepared and submitted to the CPUC.	No SKR occupied habitat occurs along C449; therefore, this measure is not applicable.	Pre and During	N/A
Biological Resources	BIO-33	01	Arroyo Toad Focused Surveys	Focused surveys for arroyo toad shall be conducted. Prior to initiating construction, all riverbed areas within 1,000 feet of construction sites and access roads shall be surveyed during the appropriate season (December 1 through July 31) for arroyo toad. The applicant shall contract with a qualified biologist to conduct focused surveys for arroyo toad. If arroyo toads are detected in or adjacent to the project site, no work will be authorized within 500 feet of occupied habitat until the project applicant receives concurrence from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) that work may proceed.	This measure is only applicable to C157; therefore, this measure is not applicable to this component.	Pre and During	N/A
Biological Resources	BIO-33	02	Arroyo Toad Focused Surveys	If arroyo toads are detected in or adjacent to the project site, the project applicant shall develop and implement a monitoring plan that includes the following measures, in consultation with the USFWS: [Refer to MM BIO-33 in the MMCRP for all 16 monitoring plan specifications]	This measure is only applicable to C157; therefore, this measure is not applicable to this component.	Pre and During	N/A

accessible during the 2010	Pre	N/A
Ū.	i i c	
re, additional surveys are		
is measure is not applicable.		

bitat occurs along C449; ure is not applicable.	Pre and During	N/A

	Pre and During	N/A
--	-------------------	-----

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Biological	BIO-33)3	Arroyo Toad	On Forest Service lands, occupied arroyo toad breeding habitat will be mitigated at a 3:1 ratio; occupied arroyo toad upland	This measure is only applicable to C157;	Pre and	N/A
Resources			Focused Surveys	burrowing habitat will be mitigated at 2:1; and unoccupied arroyo toad habitat (or designated critical habitat) will be mitigated at	therefore, this measure is not applicable to this	Post	
				2:1. In addition, a Forest Service consultation will be conducted to verify limited operating periods for arroyo toad are defined.	component.		

Cultural and Paleontological Resources	01 Archaeological and Paleontological Trainings	Prior to construction, all SDG&E, contractor, and subcontractor personnel will receive training regarding the appropriate work practices necessary to effectively implement the APMs and to comply with the applicable environmental laws and regulations, including the potential for exposing subsurface cultural, archaeological, and paleontological resources and how to recognize possible buried resources. This training will include a presentation of the procedures to be followed upon discovery or suspected discovery of cultural and archaeological materials, including Native American remains and their treatment, as well as of paleontological resources.	The Worker Environmental Awareness Program training includes a presentation on the applicable environmental laws and regulations, including the potential for exposing subsurface cultural, archaeological, and paleontological resources and how to recognize possible buried resources. This training includes a presentation of the procedures to be followed upon discovery or suspected discovery of cultural and archaeological materials, including Native American remains and their treatment, as well as paleontological resources. All construction personnel will attend the Worker Environmental Awareness Program training immediately prior to beginning work on the Project.	During	To Be Implemented Immediately Prior to Construction
--	---	--	---	--------	--

Cultural and Paleontological Resources	APM- CUL-02	01	Pre-Construction Cultural Surveys	Intensive pedestrian surveys will be conducted prior to construction in those areas within the ROWs for which initial survey access was not granted to determine the potential for impacts to cultural resources in these areas. Where possible, engineering design will be re-evaluated to determine whether facilities can be relocated to avoid any cultural resources identified from these additional surveys. If relocation is not feasible, APM CUL-03 will be implemented to minimize impacts to sensitive cultural resources.	Cultural resources surveys for the Project were completed during the initial survey (Schaefer and Williams 2011: The 2011 [Revised 2013] Inventory, Evaluation and Treatment of Cultural Resources in the Cleveland National Forest Transmission and Distribution Line Increased Fire Safety Project in support of the Proponent's Environmental Assessment). Prior and subsequent pedestrian surveys were completed on C449 in 2008, 2009, 2010, 2017, and 2018 to account for any survey gaps due to restricted access, Project additions, and the final design.	Pre	Complete
Cultural and Paleontological Resources	APM- CUL-03	01	Designate ESAs	All potentially National Register-eligible or archaeologically sensitive sites, as defined in the Cultural Resources Technical Report, that will not be directly affected by construction but are within 50 feet of replacement pole locations will be designated as Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESAs). Potentially eligible resources include those that are recommended eligible, as well as unevaluated sites. Protective fencing or other markers will be erected and maintained to protect these ESAs from inadvertent trespass for the duration of construction in the vicinity. ESAs will not be signed or marked as cultural, historical, or archaeological resources.	ESAs located within 50 feet of construction sites will be delineated with protective fencing prior to construction. Fencing will be regularly inspected for damage during construction and repaired as needed.	Pre and During	To Be Implemented Immediately Prior to Construction

Cultural and Paleontological Resources	APM- CUL-06		Treatment Plan	Resources Treatment Plan that includes procedures for protection and avoidance, evaluation and treatment, and the curation of any potentially register-eligible cultural materials. Specific protective measures, including a monitoring program, will be defined in the Cultural Resources Treatment Plan to reduce potential adverse impacts on unknown cultural resources to less-than-significant levels.	the Historic Properties Management Plan. The		Complete
--	----------------	--	----------------	--	--	--	----------

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Cultural and Paleontological Resources	APM- CUL-08	04	Paleontological Monitoring	The paleontological monitor will follow the procedures outlined in the Paleontological Monitoring and Treatment Plan, which will be prepared and will include information regarding pre-construction field surveys, construction personnel training, necessary permits, research design, monitoring methodology, fossil discovery and recovery protocols, fossil preparation and curation procedures, and the preparation of a final monitoring report.	SDG&E has prepared a Paleontological Monitoring & Treatment Plan, which will be implemented during construction.	Pre and During	To Be Implemented During Construction
Cultural and Paleontological Resources	CUL-01	01	Cultural Resource Management	In order to avoid adverse effects to historic properties, SDG&E will implement a comprehensive approach to cultural resource management consistent with any project specific Programmatic Agreement developed between the federal agencies and the SHPO. The comprehensive approach will include, at a minimum, the following elements:	The Project's Programmatic Agreement was finalized in February 2016. The Historic Properties Management Plan was finalized on August 25, 2016; and was approved by the USFS on August 25, 2016, and by the CPUC and SHPO on August 26, 2016. The Project's Historic Properties Management Plan outlines procedures for cultural resource management that are consistent with this measure, and these procedures will be implemented during construction.	Pre and During	To Be Implemented During Construction
Cultural and Paleontological Resources	CUL-01	02	Cultural Resource Management	1a. – Inventory and evaluate cultural resources in the Final Area of Potential Effect (APE). Prior to any ground disturbing activities, SDG&E will complete inventories within the APE and submit the results of those inventories for approval by the CPUC and federal agencies. These surveys shall supplement surveys done for the EIR/EIS and will satisfy Section 106 requirements.	Cultural resources surveys for the Project were completed by ASM Affiliates, Inc. during the initial survey (Schaefer and Williams, 2011: The 2011 [Revised 2013] Inventory, Evaluation and Treatment of Cultural Resources in the Cleveland National Forest Transmission and Distribution Line Increased Fire Safety Project in support of the Proponent's Environmental Assessment); and prior and subsequent pedestrian surveys were conducted on C449 in 2008, 2009, 2010, 2017, and 2018. The results of these surveys are included as part of an update to Appendix A of the Historic Properties Management Plan, which will be submitted with the NTP request to the USFS for a 30-day consultation period with the consulting parties prior to construction.	Pre	Pending
ultural and aleontological esources	CUL-01	03	Cultural Resource Management	1b. – Avoid and protect potentially significant resources. Where feasible, complete avoidance of impacts shall be the preferred strategy. Where the federal agencies and CPUC decide that cultural resources cannot be avoided, they will be incorporated into a Historic Properties Management Plan (HPMP), as described below.	Impacts to cultural and historical resources will be avoided to the maximum extent possible during construction. A mapbook identifying all ESAs to be flagged and avoided will be submitted to the CPUC and USFS prior to construction.	Pre and During	Pending
iltural and leontological esources	CUL-01	04	Cultural Resource Management	1c. – Develop and Implement Historic Properties Management Plan. After completing the inventory and avoidance phase of site design, SDG&E will prepare and submit for approval an HPMP to avoid or mitigate identified potential impacts.	The Historic Properties Management Plan was finalized on August 25, 2016, and was approved by the USFS on August 25, 2016 and by the CPUC and SHPO on August 26, 2016.	Pre and During	Complete

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

	Tables 9 and 11 for TL626, Tables 14 and 17 for TL629, Table Table 31 for C157, Table 34 for C440, Table 37 for C442, and prepared by ASM (ASM 2011) shall be implemented. All me approved by the California Public Utilities Commission and	o for TL682, Table 23 for TL6923, Table 26 for C78, Table 29 for C79, ble 40 for C449 of the Cultural Resources Technical Report res shall be implemented by a qualified archaeologist who is est Service. Further, when on City-owned land (portions of C157, ical Resource Guidelines per the San Diego Municipal Code, wed (http://docs.sandiego.gov/ Doc recc and Con ESA	. .	Pre and During	Pending
--	---	---	------------	-------------------	---------

Comments

the measure; therefore, this icable.	Pre and During	N/A

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Comments	
----------	--

Fire Protection	FF-01	01	Fire	SDG&E shall develop a multiagency Construction Fire Prevention/Protection Plan in consultation with the U.S. Forest Service,	The Construction Fire
				Bureau of Land Management (BLM), Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CAL	Plan was approved by
			n Plan	FIRE), San Diego Rural Fire Protection District (SDRFPD), and San Diego County Fire Authority (SDCFA) to the satisfaction of lead	2, 2015; by SDRFPD, C
				agencies. SDG&E shall monitor construction activities to ensure implementation and effectiveness of the plan. The final plan will	December 18, 2015; b
				be approved by the commenting agencies prior to the initiation of construction activities and shall be implemented during all	2016; by the USFS on
				construction activities by SDG&E. At minimum, the plan will include the following:-Procedures for minimizing potential ignition,	CPUC on July 29, 2016
				Vegetation clearing, Fuel treatment area establishment to Parking requirements, Smoking restrictions, Hot work restrictions- Red	submitted to the CPU
				Flag Warning restrictions- Fire coordinator role and responsibility- Fire suppression equipment on site at all times work is	30, 2016 and May 31,
				occurring- Requirements of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations, 918 "Fire Protection" for the private land portions-	was required. SDG&E
				Applicable components of the SDG&E Wildland Fire Prevention and Fire Safety Electric Standard Practice 113-1 (July 2012)-	USFS on edits to the p
				Emergency response and reporting procedures- Emergency contact information- Worker education materials; kick-off and tailgate	Project Fire Prevention
				meeting schedules- Other information as provided by responsible and commenting agencies (as appropriate for each project).	the USFS approved the
				Additional restrictions will include the following: During the construction phase of the project, the applicant shall implement	2017. A copy was prov
				ongoing fire patrols. The applicant shall maintain fire patrols during construction hours and for 1 hour after end of daily	records on October 19
				construction and hotwork; Fire Suppression Resource Inventory – In addition to 14 CCR 918.1(a), (b), and (c), the applicant shall	coordinated with the
				update in writing the 24-hour contact information and on-site fire suppression equipment, tools, and personnel list on a quarterly	to the plan's Attachme
				basis and provide it to the Forest Service, BLM, BIA, SDRFPD, SDCFA, and CAL FIRE; During Red Flag Warning events, as issued daily	Prevention Matrix on
				by the National Weather Service in State Responsibility Areas (SRAs) and Local Responsibility Areas (LRAs), and when the Forest	approved the edits on
				Service Project Activity Level (PAL) is "E" on Cleveland National Forest (CNF) (as appropriate), all non-essential, non-emergency	was provided to the C
				construction and maintenance activities shall cease or be required to operate under a Hot Work Procedure. The Hot Work	April 9, 2018. The plan
				Procedure will be in compliance with the applicable sections in NFPA 51-B "Fire prevention during welding, cutting, or other hot	during construction.
				work" and CFC Chapter 26 "Welding and other Hot Work." The applicant and contractor personnel shall be informed of changes	
				to the Red Flag event status and PAL as stipulated by CAL FIRE and CNF. All construction crews and inspectors shall be provided	
				with radio and/or cellular telephone access that is operational throughout the project area to allow for immediate reporting of	
				fires. Communication pathways and equipment shall be tested and confirmed operational each day prior to initiating construction	
				activities at each construction site. All fires shall be reported to the fire agencies with jurisdiction in the project area as soon as	
				the fire is identified/discovered immediately upon ignition. Each crew member shall be trained in fire prevention, initial attack	
				firefighting, and fire reporting. Each member shall carry at all times a laminated card listing pertinent telephone numbers for	
				reporting fires and defining immediate steps to take if a fire starts. Information on contact cards shall be updated and	
				redistributed to all crew members as needed, and outdated cards destroyed, prior to the initiation of construction activities on	
				the day the information change goes into effect. Each member of the construction crew shall be trained and equipped to	
				extinguish small fires with hand-held fire extinguishers in order to prevent them from growing into more serious threats. Each	
				crew member shall at all times be within 50 feet of fire suppression equipment, as outlined in ESP 113.1. SDG&E will provide a	
				draft copy of the Construction Fire Prevention/Protection Plan to the responsible fire agencies for comment a minimum of 90	
				days prior to the start of any construction activities. The final plan will be approved by the responsible lead agencies with input	
				from the fire and permitting agencies, as desired, prior to the initiation of construction activities and provided to SDG&E for	
				implementation during all construction prior to the initiation of construction activities. All construction work on the proposed	
				power line replacement projects shall follow the Construction Fire Prevention/Protection Plan guidelines and commitments.	

	Gener	ral	APM- GEN-06	01	Conduct Notifications	Prior to initiating construction, SDG&E will make all the appropriate and necessary notifications, including landowner notifications.	This measure will be satisfied through the implementation of MM LU-01 and in accordance with the Construction Notification Plan.	Pre	Pending
--	-------	-----	----------------	----	--------------------------	---	---	-----	---------

GEN-07 Notification disturbing activities in order to identify buried utilities. Exploratory excavations (potholing) will also be conducted to verify the	This measure will be implemented during construction and immediately prior to ground disturbance as applicable.		To Be Implemented Immediately Prior to Construction
---	---	--	--

re Prevention/Protection by the SDCFA on December , CAL FIRE, and the BLM on ; by the BIA on January 7, on June 17, 2016; and by the 16. Updated plans were PUC and USFS on September 1, 2017, but no approval & coordinated with the e plan's Attachment 2: ion Matrix on CNF Land, and the edits on October 17, rovided to the CPUC for its 19, 2017. SDG&E ne USFS on additional edits ment 2: Project Fire on CNF Land, and the USFS on March 7, 2018. A copy e CPUC for its records on lan will be implemented	Pre and During	To Be Implemented During Construction

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Hydrology and Water Quality	APM- HYD-04	01	Conduct Wetlands and Waters Surveys	Any areas not surveyed for potentially jurisdictional wetlands or waters due to limited access will be surveyed prior to the start of construction activities and potential impacts will be assessed and the appropriate jurisdictional permits will be obtained as needed.	Surveys for waters of the jurisdiction of the Engineers, Regional W Board, and California I Wildlife were completed MM BIO-10. Impacts the are anticipated along to of C449 at Location 20 Road. These impacts are existing California Fish 1602 Streambed Alterr by the California Depa Wildlife. A Clean Water Nationwide Permit Note by the U.S. Army Corp Water Act Section 401 Certification issued by Quality Control Board impacts to these jurisd Documentation of per provided to the CPUC
Hydrology and Water Quality	APM- HYD-05	01	SWPPP	SDG&E will prepare and implement a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). The SWPPP will identify BMPs based on its Water Quality BMPs Manual for each activity that has the potential to degrade surrounding water quality through erosion, sediment run-off, and other pollutants. These BMPs will then be implemented and monitored by a Qualified SWPPP Practitioner.	permits are received. C449 will be enrolled of General Permit (Order amended by 2010-001 DWQ]). An NOI, a SWR Registration Documen were uploaded to the Control Board's Storm Applications and Repo October 27, 2017, and Identification number 2, 2017 (WDID #9 37C Construction General include C449 will be u Water Resources Cont Multiple Applications System prior to constr implemented during c

f the U.S. and state under	Pre	Pending
e U.S. Army Corps of		
Water Quality Control		
a Department of Fish and		
eted in accordance with		
to jurisdictional resources		
g the underground portion		
20+00 on Buckman Springs		
are covered under the		
sh and Game Code Section		
eration Agreement issued		
partment of Fish and		
ter Act Section 404		
lo. 12 authorization issued		
rps of Engineers and a Clean		
01 Water Quality		
by the Regional Water		
d will be obtained prior to		
sdictional resources.		
ermit issuance will be		
C and USFS once the		

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Hydrology and Water Quality	HYD-01	01	Erosion Control Plan/SWPPP	As required by the Construction General Permit, SDG&E shall develop a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for the project or for individual construction segments, as required, to reduce soil erosion during construction. The SWPPP(s) and verification of submittal to the RWQCB shall be submitted to the CPUC and Forest Service prior to Notice to Proceed issuance for the respective construction segment. SDG&E shall provide the CPUC and Forest Service with subsequent amendments to the SWPPP as part of SDG&E's weekly compliance reports. In weekly construction compliance reports, SDG&E shall note when Storm Water Construction Site Inspection Report Forms have been posted to the Storm Water Multiple Application and Report Tracking System (SMARTS) following storm events.	C449 will be enrolled under the Construction General Permit (Order 2009-0009-DWQ [as amended by 2010-0014-DWQ and 2012-006- DWQ]). An NOI, a SWPPP, and other Permit Registration Documents for C440 and C442 were uploaded to the State Water Resources Control Board's Storm Water Multiple Applications and Report Tracking System on October 27, 2017, and a Waste Discharge Identification number was issued on November 2, 2017 (WDID #9 37C381630). A COI to revise Construction General Permit coverage and include C449 will be uploaded to the State Water Resources Control Board's Storm Water Multiple Applications and Report Tracking System prior to construction. The SWPPP will be implemented during construction.	Pre and During	Pending
Hydrology and Water Quality	HYD-01	02	Erosion Control Plan/SWPPP	SDG&E shall develop and implement an Erosion Control Plan (ECP) for construction, operations, and maintenance activities in order to prevent and control soil erosion and gullying. The ECP shall include Forest Service best management practices specific to re-vegetation requirements (scarifying the soil, and fertilizing, seeding and/or mulching, as required to achieve proper post-construction site stabilization) and incorporate Construction General Permit SWPPP requirements for each construction segment as the SWPPP(s) for that segment are completed. Additionally, the ECP shall complement restoration goals and objectives identified in the Habitat Restoration Plan, as required under MM BIO-4. The ECP shall be updated for each construction segment and provided to the (CPUC) and the federal agencies for review and approval prior to each agency's Notice to Proceed issuance for that construction segment.	CPUC and USFS on August 11, 2016. An update	Pre, During, and Post	Pending
Hydrology and Water Quality	HYD- 02a	01	Water Supply Plan	For water that is to be purchased from one or more public or private water/utility district(s), private landowners, or from tribes, SDG&E shall provide to the CPUC written documentation from such district(s) and/or landowners indicating the total amount of water to be provided and the time frame that the water will be made available to the project. The documentation shall also indicate the type of water (potable or reclaimed) and the specific source of the water (groundwater well or surface diversions). The sources and amounts of water to be obtained by SDG&E shall be documented in a Water Supply Plan (WSP) to be submitted to the CPUC prior to notice to proceed for each project component.	The Water Supply Plan was approved by the USFS on June 28, 2016 and by the CPUC on August 11, 2016. An updated plan without references to specific transmission lines was submitted to the CPUC and USFS on March 8, 2017, and no approval was required. An updated plan with three additional water sources was submitted to the CPUC and USFS on April 7, 2017; and no approval was required.	Pre and During	Complete
Hydrology and Water Quality	HYD- 02b	01	Groundwater Evaluation	For identified water sources that derive their water supply from groundwater, SDG&E shall commission a groundwater study by a registered/certified hydrogeologist, as reviewed and approved by CPUC, to assess the existing condition of the underlying groundwater/aquifer and all existing wells (with owner's permission) in the vicinity of proposed well location/water sources and to verify that the proposed source is capable of supplying the amount of water needed. The groundwater study shall evaluate whether the volume and duration of the proposed groundwater use would exceed County of San Diego thresholds for impacts with respect to groundwater supply and well interference. If the evaluation indicates the potential for significant impacts, the registered/certified hydrogeologist shall recommend feasible mitigation measures (e.g., a groundwater monitoring program) to avoid exceeding applicable thresholds. The groundwater evaluation shall be provided along with the documentation of purchased water sources, and the CPUC shall not authorize construction of the project unless such documentation have been provided by SDG&E and approved by CPUC. If the evaluation finds that impacts cannot be avoided given the volume and duration of the proposed groundwater source and shall require SDG&E to seek other viable sources of water.	SDG&E commissioned a groundwater study of the Live Oak Springs Water District. SDG&E submitted the resume for a registered/certified hydrogeologist on September 27, 2016. The CPUC approved the hydrogeologist on September 27, 2016. The final Live Oak Springs Water District Groundwater Evaluation was submitted to the CPUC for approval on March 22, 2017. The CPUC approved the evaluation on March 30, 2017. An updated Water Supply Plan that includes the Live Oak Springs Water District was submitted to the CPUC and USFS on April 7, 2017; and no approval was required.	Pre	Complete

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Hydrology and Water Quality	HYD-04	01	Access Road Condition Evaluation and Repair Design Report	Planned grading and repair activities along SDG&E exclusive-use access roads that a) exceed grades of 15% (over a minimum distance of 100 feet), b) are within RCAs, or c) are anywhere within a sediment-sensitive watershed (as defined by the SWRCB) shall be evaluated by a qualified professional (e.g., PG, PE, or CEG contracted by SDG&E and reviewed and approved by the CPUC and the Forest Service) prior to initiating construction on the associated segment, who will identify areas experiencing chronic erosion and drainage issues. At a minimum, segments shall include, but are not limited to, the following: - TL626 south of Eagle Creek Road and north of Boulder Creek Road - TL625 in the Vicinity of Barber Mountain Road - TL625 north of Lyons Valley Road and south of Carveacre Road - C442 east of Oak Valley and south of I-8, on the western flanks of Long Peak - Short segments of TL629 on either side of Cameron Valley and east of Pine Valley. The qualified professional shall design an engineered solution(s) to be implemented within the existing access roadway disturbance area in accordance with Forest Service standards, as described in Forest Service Handbook 2509.22 (Section 12.2), for each area determined to experience chronic erosion and/or drainage issues prior to beginning work on those facilities associated with the problematic access road. The designed solution(s) shall be included into the approved project to ensure the avoidance or minimization of substantial damage or soil loss along the identified road segments. Examples of such solutions could include, but are not limited to the following: - Crowning road sections with gente slopes to prevent standing water on the road - Outsjoping roads at 3%-5% wherever possible - Where required for proper maneuvering and safety, insloping roads at 3-5% into properly designed ditches - Installing rolling dips, ditch relief culverts, and/or water bars at intervals appropriate for the road-grade and the soil erosivity - Minimizing the number of water crossings, and maintai	The Access Road Cond Repair Design Report v CPUC on August 18, 20 August 19, 2016. There use access roads along update to the report is

Hydrology and	HYD-06	02	Creek Crossing	Where creek crossing cannot be completed during the dry season creek crossing shall use jack-and-bore procedures to avoid	Per the MMCRP, this n
Water Quality				direct impacts and shall be conducted in a manner that does not result in sediment-laden discharge or hazardous materials	the alternative alignm
				release to the water body. SDG&E shall develop a Jack-and-Bore/Horizontal Directional Drill (HDD) Contingency Plan for this work	Underground in Bould
				in accordance with MM-HYD-8. Additionally, SDG&E shall implement the following measures during horizontal boring (jack-and-	this measure is not ap
				bore) operations and shall be included in the HDD Contingency Plan:1 Site preparation shall begin no more than 10 days prior to	component.
				initiating horizontal bores to reduce the time soils are exposed adjacent to creeks and drainages. 2 Trench and/or bore pit spoil	
				shall be stored a minimum of 25 feet from the top of the bank or wetland/riparian boundary. Spoils shall be stored behind a	
				sediment barrier and covered with plastic or otherwise stabilized (i.e., tackifiers, mulch, or detention). 3 Portable pumps and	
				stationary equipment located within 100 feet of a water resource (i.e., wetland/riparian boundary, creeks, and drainages) shall be	
				placed within secondary containment with adequate capacity to contain a spill (i.e., a pump with 10-gallon fuel or oil capacity	
				should be placed in secondary containment capable of holding 15 gallons). A spill kit shall be maintained on site at all times. 4	
				Within 24 hours following backfill of the bore pits, disturbed soils shall be seeded and stabilized to prevent erosion, and	
				temporary sediment barriers shall be left in place until restoration is deemed successful. SDG&E shall obtain the required permits	
				prior to conducting creek crossing work. Required permits may include ACOE CWA Section 404, Regional Water Quality Control	
				Board Clean Water Act 401, and CDFG Streambed Alteration Agreement 1602. SDG&E shall implement all pre and post-	
				construction conditions identified in the permits issued.	

Condition Evaluation and bort was approved by the 18, 2016 and by the USFS on There are no SDG&E exclusive- along C449; therefore, an bort is not required.	Pre and During	Ν/Α	
this measure applies only to	Pre and	N/A	
gnment (Option 3	During		1
Boulder Creek Road); therefore,			1
			1
ot applicable to this			1
			1
			1
			1
			L

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Hydrology and	HYD-07 01	HDD Contingency	If horizontal directional drilling is to be used during construction, SDG&E shall prepare a Horizontal Directional Drill (HDD)	Per the MMCRP, this measure applies only to	Pre and N/A
Water Quality		Plan	Contingency Plan to address procedures for containing an inadvertent release of drilling fluid (frac-out). The plan shall contain	the alternative alignment (Option 3	During
			specific measures for monitoring frac-outs, for containing drilling mud, and for notifying agency personnel. The plan shall also	Underground in Boulder Creek Road); therefore,	
			discuss spoil stockpile management, hazardous materials storage and spill cleanup, site-specific erosion and sediment control,	this measure is not applicable to this	
			and housekeeping procedures, as described in the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan. The Jack-and-Bore HDD Contingency	component.	
			Plan shall be submitted to the CPUC, Forest Service, Bureau of Indian Affairs, and ACOE 60 days prior to construction.		

Hydrology and Water Quality	HYD-07 02	HDD Contingency Plan	activities. Required permits may include U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Clean Water Act Section 404, Regional Water Quality Control Board Clean Water Act 401, and CDFG Streambed Alteration Agreement Section 1602. The applicant shall implement all	Per the MMCRP, this measure applies only to the alternative alignment (Option 3 Underground in Boulder Creek Road); therefore, this measure is not applicable to this component.	Pre and During	N/A
--------------------------------	-----------	-------------------------	--	--	-------------------	-----

to the public. The project applicant shall also establish a toll-free telephone number for receiving questions or complaints during construction and shall develop procedures for responding to callers. Procedures for handling and responding to calls shall be

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Planning Land Management Plan Amendment contemporaneously with the decision to authorize the MSUP and pole replacement project. The project-specific measure is not plan amendment would amend the Land Management Plan to allow project-specific exemptions for inconsistences with the CNF									
Land Management Plan land use zones and standards.		LU-02	01	Land Management Plan	Plan Amendment contemporaneously with the decision to authorize the MSUP and pole replacement project. The project-specific	C449 is not listed in the measure is not applicab			

Land Use and	LU-03	01	Reduce Land Use	At least Ninety (90) days prior to completing final transmission line design for the approved route, the project applicant shall	C449 is not listed in th
Planning			Conflicts	notify landowners of parcels through which the alignment would pass regarding the specific location of the ROW, individual towers, staging areas, access roads, or other facilities associated with the project that would occur on the subject property. The notified parties shall be provided 30 days in which to identify conflicts with any planned development on the subject property and to work with the project applicant to identify potential reroutes of the alignment that would be mutually acceptable to the project applicant and the landowner. Property owners whose land may be divided into potentially uneconomic parcels shall be afforded this same opportunity, even if development plans have not been established. The project applicant shall endeavor to accommodate these reroutes to the extent that they are feasible and do not create adverse impacts to resources or to other properties that would be greater in magnitude than impacts that would occur from construction and operation of the alignment as originally planned.	measure is not applica

Land Use and Planning	LU-04	01			C449 is not listed in the measure is not applicabl
--------------------------	-------	----	--	--	--

Noise	APM- NOI-01	01	Construction Schedule Notification	SDG&E will provide notice of the construction schedule to all property owners within 300 feet of the Proposed Action by mail at least one week prior to the start of construction activities. The announcement will state the construction start date, anticipated completion date, and hours of operation, as well as a telephone number to call with questions or complaints during construction.	This measure will be satisfied through the implementation of MM LU-01 and in accordance with the Construction Notification Plan.	Pre and During	Pending
-------	----------------	----	--	---	---	-------------------	---------

Public Health and Safety	PHS-01	01	Contractor Training	project personnel, have received training regarding the appropriate work practices necessary to effectively implement hazardous materials procedures and protocols and to comply with the applicable environmental laws and regulations, including, without limitation, hazardous materials spill prevention and response measures.	All construction personnel will receive the Worker Environmental Awareness Program training immediately prior to beginning work on the Project. The Worker Environmental Awareness Program training includes the appropriate work practices and hazardous materials protocol. Sign-in sheets will be submitted with the Weekly Environmental Compliance Reports.	During	To Be Implemented Immediately Prior to Construction
-----------------------------	--------	----	---------------------	---	--	--------	--

Public Health and Safety	PHS-02	02	Hazardous Materials BMPs		The Spill Response and Notification Plan was approved by the USFS on July 21, 2016 and by the CPUC on July 18, 2016.	Pre	Complete
Public Health and Safety	PHS-0302Blasting ProceduresIn addition to any other requirements established by the appropriate regulatory agencies, the pre-blast survey and blasting plan shall meet the following conditions: -The pre-blast survey shall be conducted for structures within a minimum radius of 1,000 feet from the identified blast site to be specified by San Diego Gas & Electric (SDG&E) or SDG&E's contractor. Sensitive receptors that could reasonably be affected by blasting shall be surveyed as part of the pre-blast survey.		shall meet the following conditions: -The pre-blast survey shall be conducted for structures within a minimum radius of 1,000 feet from the identified blast site to be specified by San Diego Gas & Electric (SDG&E) or SDG&E's contractor. Sensitive receptors			To Be Implemented During Construction	

Comments

the measure; therefore, this cable to this component.	Pre	N/A

the measure; therefore, this cable to this component.	Pre	N/A

n the measure; therefore, this blicable to this component.	Pre	N/A

Measure Category MMNo TaskNo Mitigation Measure Task Text Title

Public Health and
SafetyPHS-0304Blasting Procedures- The final blasting plan shall address air-blast limits, ground vibrations, and maximum peak particle velocity for ground
movement, including provisions to monitor and assess compliance with the air-blast, ground vibration, and peak particle velocity
requirements. The blasting plan shall meet criteria established in Chapter 3 (Control of Adverse Effects) in the Blasting Guidance
Manual of the U.S. Department of Interior Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement. - The blasting
procedures shall incorporate line control to full depth and controlled blasting techniques to create minimum breakage outside
the line control and maximum rock fragmentation within the target area. Prior to blasting, all applicable regulatory measures shall
be met. The applicant, general contractor, or its subcontractor (as appropriate) shall keep a record of each blast for at least 1 yearIf blasting is required
Blasting Plan in accord
Blasting Plan in accord

Public Health and Safety	PHS-04	01	Groundwater	Prior to construction, all San Diego Gas & Electric (SDG&E), contractor, and subcontractor project personnel anticipated to work between poles Z173105 and Z173109 shall receive training regarding the location of suspected soil and groundwater contamination along TL629 between poles Z173105 and Z173109, and will be instructed to avoid any ground disturbance in the	Poles Z173105 throug along C449; therefore applicable.
			Contamination Training	contamination along TL629 between poles 2173105 and 2173109, and will be instructed to avoid any ground disturbance in the area.	applicable.

Public Health and Safety	PHS-07	Geotechnical Investigations	seismic slope instability, and ground-cracking hazards to affect the approved project and all associated facilities. Where these hazards are found to exist, appropriate engineering design and construction measures that meet California Building Code (CBC),	SDG&E conducted geo for C449 in August and addition, SDG&E cond January 2018 Results
		-	hazards are found to exist, appropriate engineering design and construction measures that meet California Building Code (CBC), CPUC General Order 95, and Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) Moment Foundation Analysis and Design parameters shall be	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				incorporated into the

Public Health and	PSU-01	01	AT&T Commitments	Prior to receiving a Notice to Proceed with construction along each of the proposed power line replacement projects, SDG&E shall	Documentation confirm
Safety				provide to the CPUC and Forest Service written commitment from AT&T confirming that AT&T facilities that are co-located on the	will be transferred onto
				proposed power line replacement projects will be relocated to SDG&E's new facilities. Facilities will be transferred in a manner	replacement structure
				that avoids interruptions of telecommunications services to the greatest degree possible. The timing of the relocation activities	CPUC and the USFS pri
				will be reviewed and approved by both the CPUC and Forest Service.	AT&T facilities.

Recreation	REC-01	01	Gate Plan	To deter unauthorized access to specially designated or restricted areas via SDG&E access roads authorized by the MSUP, the	The Gate Plan was app
				project applicant shall submit a plan and schedule for gate (or other barriers, such as pipe rails, where appropriate) installation to	August 25, 2016. There
				the Forest Service for approval. Gates will meet Forest Service engineering standards, and designs will be approved by the Forest	authorized by the MSU
				Service prior to installation. In addition, appropriate deterrence signage approved by the Forest Service shall be installed on gates	plan does not need to
				to SDG&E access roads. Maintenance of gates and signage shall be the responsibility of the project applicant.	

Transportation and Traffic	APM- TRANS- 06	01	Coordinate with Local Air Traffic and FAA	SDG&E will coordinate flight patterns with local air traffic control and the Federal Aviation Administration prior to construction to prevent any adverse impacts due to increased air traffic.	Per the APM and MM was submitted to the APM was superseded Environmental Impact Impact Statement. The
					Impact Statement. The not applicable.

Comments

Pre and During	To Be Implemented During Construction
Pre and During	N/A
Pre and During	Complete
Pre	Pending
Pre, During, and Post	N/A
Pre and During	N/A
	During Pre and During Pre and During Pre, During, and Post Pre and